CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.
CARNRICK & Co., LIMITED, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,400—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1891.

McEWAN'S BEER.
As Supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 57, per Hogshead.
Rs. 26, per Kilderkin.
The Finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia And the East.
AGENTS:—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
B.L. ROSETTA	3525	700	C. Gadd	11th Apr.
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	18th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th "
† SIAM	3041	500	W. J. Nantes	2nd May
B.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	9th "
† MALWA	2970	500	C. F. Preston	16th "
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
				Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	29th May.
B.L. BOKHARA	2955	500	W. J. Nantes	5th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	12th "
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	19th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	26th "
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	3rd July
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	10th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	17th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	24th "
B.L. PESHAWUR	3927	600	W. A. Wheler	31st "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	7th Aug.
B.L. PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	14th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	21st "
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	28th "

The steamers marked B.L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta' Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board and only hand packages will be received.

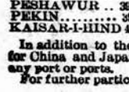
TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	9th Apr.
RAVENNA	3386	700		23rd "
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	7th May.
PESHAWUR	3927	600	W. A. Wheler	21st "
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	4th June.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	18th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 31st March, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st April, 1891.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th April, 1891.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May, 1891.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June, 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer	To sail
BORMIDA	On the 8th April, 1891.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 10, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,800	750	1st May '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,800	750	1st June '91.
AMPHITRITE	B. Vidos	4,300	600	about 10th June '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	18th May '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
THISBE	G. Costanzo	3,800	550	24th April '91.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
6th April, 1891.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS. BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	To sail about.
CLAN MACGREGOR	3000	G. Miller	10th April 1891
CLAN DRUMMOND	2950	N. Harrison	10th May 1891

THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of Passengers. The Saloon and Cabins are all on the Upper Deck. For rates of Passages, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 3rd March, 1891.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 8th April, and the S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,130 tons, at 8 a. m., on 11th April, calling at Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 12th April, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KHANDALLA," 2,040 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 10th April, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 6th April, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked, furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE & Co. MESSRS. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta. KING, BAILLIE & Co., Liverpool.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY. FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES. TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE Bombay on 12th April 1891, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
M.L. ASIA	Jas. Laird	3560	24th April.
M. BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3069	12th May.
L. ARMENIA	Geo. Read	3395	30th "

Steamer marked L. proceeds to Liverpool direct.
Steamer marked M. to Marseilles only.
Steamers marked M.L. go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports.

Passengers by the Marseilles steamer can book through to London (overland from Marseilles).

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

All the State Rooms are on the Upper Deck.

For further Particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 21st March, 1891.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ASTON HALL	S. Fowler	3,600	400	4th May, '91.

This Steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate Rates, but carry no Surgeon and Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	25th May.

This Steamer is well known on this Line as being most comfortably fitted, in all respects, for Passengers, and has Surgeon and Stewardess.
For further Particulars apply to

EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1891.

IMPORTANT.

THE following Second-hand PIANOS have been put in thorough Repair, and are for Sale at the PIANOFORTE SALOON of the Undersigned :—

Yacht Piano, 5 Octaves	Rs. 180
Rubinstein's Bijoux Cottage, full Compass	" 220
Herbert's Square Black Polished	" 390
Broadwood and Son's Grand, Black Polished	" 400
Schiedmayer and Sohne's Solid Iron-framed Square	" 410
Marcks & Co.'s Solid Cottage	" 420

The above may be paid for by Instalments. Apply

MARCKS & Co., Limited,
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
1, ASH LANE, BOMBAY, OR AT POONA.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER.

IT is the Water of Life. The most Powerful, Efficacious Destroyer of the Deadly Microbe. Cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Kidney, and all Blood Diseases. Rs. 15 per Jar. Pamphlets of Testimonials sent Post free.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER Co.,
(FACTORY No. 12.)
111, Oxford Street, London, W.
SOLE DEPOT FOR INDIA AND BURMAH,
23, Rampart Row.
PHILLIPS & Co., LD., CHEMISTS,
Sole Sub-Agents for Bombay Presidency.
The only places for the genuine stuff.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

MESSRS. SINGER AND COMPANY'S BICYCLES and TRICYCLES are noted for the Superiority of Workmanship and Excellence of Finish.

SINGER'S STRAIGHT STEERER TRICYCLES.

The construction of these celebrated Tricycles has been further improved, so that they may now be considered as the most perfect Tricyles extant. Price ..Rs. 400

SINGER'S APOLLO SAFETY BICYCLES.

The "Apollo" is one of the latest improvements of Singer & Co., and is strongly recommended as being a thoroughly efficient and complete geared up Safety Machine, which has been well tested on all kinds of roads. It is extremely rigid, has perfect chain adjustment adjustable handles and saddle, powerful brake, comfortable foot-rests, and is of best quality in every respect.

SPECIFICATION.—30 inch Wheels speeded to 54 inch ball bearings to all running parts except pedals, enamelled and with parts plated. Price .....Rs. 300

MINIATURE TRICYCLES FOR CHILDREN.

These are made on the Singer celebrated Straight Steering principle and are a greate improvemeut on other miniatures, as the steering is so much more simple. They have good plain bearing, good tyres, foot-rests, &c., and are suitable for either Girls or Boys, from 4 to 8 years of age Price.....Rs. 105

MINIATURE TRICYCLES FOR YOUNG RIDERS.

This is a really good Tricycle for its puryose, being constructed of weldless steel tube and good material throughout. Price .....Rs. 200

We have been instructed to clear the two following items to make room for new Stock :—

SINGER'S SPRINGFIELD TANDEM.

A Straight steerer Similar to the "S. S. S." and is very suitable for persons going on tour or for long distances, there being plenty of room for luggage, &c. Each rider, being directly over the treadles, is in the best possible position to make full use both of weight and strength. Part plated and part enamelled. Original Price Rs. 550. Now offered for .....Rs. 275

BICYCLE AND TRICYCLE SUNDRIES.

	Rs.	a.
Lamps "King of the Road," Head Japanned.....each	15	0
Do. do. do. Plated.... "	20	0
Do. do. Hub Japanned..... "	14	0
Do. do. do. Plated ..... "	20	0
Do. "The Victor of the Path" do. Japanned "	15	0
Do. "Club" do. do. ..... "	7	0
Do. "The Stella" (for Tricycle Safeties) do. "	6	0
Spanners "King Dick" ..... "	3	0
Spanners, complete with Screwdriver ..... "	2	0
Spoke Adjusters ..... "	3	0
Cyclists' Wallets .....each from Rs. 2-4 to "	5	0
The Useful Gong ..... "	2	0
Tyres, from 18 inches to 52 inches .....per lb.	5	0
Tyre Heater for use in fixing Tyres .....each	4	8
Oil Hole Covers, flat ..... "	0	6
Do. do. circular ..... "	0	12
Ardill's Liquid Enamel ..... "	1	0
Nuts, plated, ¼ to ½ inch ..... "	0	6
Do. 7-16 to ⅝ inch..... "	0	6
Oil Can, with Needle ..... "	0	10
Do. Pockets, Leather..... "	0	10
Spokes ..... "	0	10
Screws .....each As. 4 and	0	6
Balls for Bearing .....each	0	6
Cement for mending cuts, &c ..... "	1	2
Do. for fixing Tyres, &c ..... per packet	1	4
Trouser fasteners.....per pair	0	6
Do. do. "Lucas's Patent Clips" "	0	10
Anti-Rust Composition .....per bottle	1	2

THE "APOLLO" SOCIABLE TRICYCLE.

This forms one of the most enjoyable forms of Tricyling enabling either two Gentlemen or a Lady and Gentleman to ride together. Made of the same excellent quality and finish as the single "Apollo." Original Price Rs. 500. Now offered for .....Rs. 250

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BROKEN HEALTH!

BRAIN PANACEA. One large Bottle of PETER'S POPULAR POTENT PILLS cures and restores without fail all Morbid Conditions of the Nervous System, Deranged Mental Power, Enfeebled Physical Energy, Restless and Irritated Mind, Sleeplessness, Broken down or Worn out Health from Overwork, Worry, Exhaustion, and no matter whatever Cause. Rs. 3 and Rs. 7, free to any part of India, of Messrs. F. S. MADON & Co. and other Medicine Vendors. Descriptive Pamphlets Free.

POPULAR REMEDIES MANUFAC'G. Co., 54, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

AN INVALUABLE REFERENCE-BOOK FOR MEDICAL MEN.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NEW (1891) EDITION OF

THE PRESCRIBERS' PHARMACOPOEIA.

THE *INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD* (April, 1891) says :—

"This excellent little pocket-book has already been launched into its second Edition. This fact bespeaks push and energy, and a determination to keep perfectly abreast of the times; it means solid enterprise and it deserves success for many reasons. The PRESCRIBERS' PHARMACOPOEIA is a model of convenience to the busy medical practitioner. It presents a *resume* of every innovation in Pharmacology and Therapeutics, and renders needless the wearying task of wading through endless periodicals for a knowledge of the changes and improvements in pharmacy . . . We congratulate Messrs. Kemp & Co. on the success of their efforts to present the medical profession with such a useful little work."

THOROUGHLY REVISED AND RE-WRITTEN—450 Pages.
Limp Roan, Pocket Size, Rs. 2-8.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

SPARKLING ÆRATED WATERS.

PURE, SPARKLING, BRIGHT, AND WHOLESOME.

We pay special attention to the production of these Beverages, our long experience as manufacturers enabling us to maintain the high reputation these Waters have gained in Bombay.
The water from which they are manufactured is subjected to a most perfect system of filtration before use, and no trouble is spared to render them pure and healthful.
New machines have lately been erected in the Factory, with the latest improvements, to charge the Waters with gas at a high pressure, making them in the highest degree Sparkling and Agreeable.

Soda Water, Potash Water, Aerated Water	12 annas per doz.	Tonic Water, Lemonade, Gingerade	Re. 1 per doz.	Lithia Water, Seltzer Water, Vichy Water	Re. 1 per doz.

ters for Ærated Waters in quantities of three Dozens and upwards will be DELIVERED FREE ON COOLIE HIRE to any part of Malabar Hill, Colaba, or Byculla, or reasonable distance from the Esplanade Road, Fort.
Special Terms given to Messes, Clubs, and Hotel-keepers, and other Large Consumers.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

SHIRTS FOR DRESS, SHIRTS.

QUALITY C, HALF DOZEN.....Rs. 21.
QUALITY D, HALF DOZEN .....Rs. 18.
} CASH OR V.P.P.

EXTRA FINE LINEN FRONTS AND CUFFS.

FIT, COMFORT, AND SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.

SELF-MEASUREMENT FORMS POST FREE.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY.

PILSENER BEER.

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen Quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen Pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the Label, without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY,

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

RETAIL FROM DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, ABDUL REHMAN STREET.
Up-Country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and Discount to the Trade.

THE "BLÜTHNER" PIANOFORTES.

BOUDOIR AND CONCERT GRANDS AND COTTAGES,

BY the above maker, are now being monthly received at their Bombay Agency, and are offered at Manufacturer's Prices, *plus* Rs. 60 for freight and incidental charges.

Though low priced, these high-class instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation of Western civilisation. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, which, reduced to a minimum, will exhibit the extraordinary fact of one Piano in every working hour of the day.

Another feature very remarkable with these Pianos is their sweetness and richness of tone their perfect and never failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and last, but not least, the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as the best Pianos—a fact which is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents.

We invite inspection of these splendid Pianos, and will send Messrs. T. Blüthner's own Illustrated Price List free on application.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND 1, ASH LANE,

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA AND BURMAH.

PHILLIPS & CO.'S
"FERRINTOSH" WHISKY

has been known for many years as one of the best Brands of SCOTCH WHISKY.

It is made from the best Malt, thoroughly cleansed from Fusel Oil, and well BLENDED and MATURED in Bond in Sherry Casks, hence it is a most

WHOLESOME SPIRIT

AND IN GREAT DEMAND BY ALL WHO HAVE ONCE TRIED IT.
We have made special arrangements for importing "Ferrintosh" in perfect condition and of uniform quality. A trial order is solicited from those who have not tried it.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL FROM

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, and Byculla Bridge. **PHILLIPS & CO. LD.** POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.

WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

HOMEWARD BOUND VOYAGEURS

WILL FIND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF REQUISITES AT

THORPE & CO'S

IN

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FOR THE VOYAGE OR TO MEET THE CLIMATIC CHANGES OF THE CONTINENT OR ENGLAND.

TRAVELLING SUITS, Heavy, Medium, and Light Warm Overcoats and Ulsters.
DECK SUITS, for Morning Wear, Flannel and Silk and Wool, White Long Cloth, Shirts, Bands, or Collars attached.
OXFORD and FRENCH Print Shirts, Collars attached, Best Wove, Flannel, and Silk and Wool Shirts.
UNDERCLOTHING in every Variety—Cotton, Merino, and Lambs Wool, Half Hose.
LINED CALF, and Ringwood Gloves, Mittens, Silk, Cashmere, and Wool Mufflers.
BEST LINEN COLLARS, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns.
WOVEN CHOLERA BELTS, Feather Pillows, &c., SCOTCH MAUDS and RUGS, Rug Straps.
OVERLAND TRUNKS, Ladies' Dress Baskets, Solid Leather Portmanteaus and Dressing Cases.
GLADSTONE BAGS, Hand-Bags, Courier Bags, Soiled Linen Bags, Cabin Dressing Bags, Fitted Bags.
LEATHER HAT CASES, Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, Travelling Baths, Fitted with Basket.
HOLD-ALLS, MONEY BELTS, Sovereign Boxes, METAL SOAP BOXES, Sponges, and Bags.
CELLULOID COLLARS, Cuffs and Shirt Fronts, MARINE or SALT WATER SOAP.

THORPE AND CO.,

TRAVELLERS' OUTFITTERS,

BOMBAY.

G. A. CHARPIE AND CO.,

REMOVED TO 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

REPAIRS TO WATCHES AND CHRONOMETERS.

Fine and complicated a Speciality. By European Practical Watchmakers only.

18-ct. Gold Watches of our own Manufacture, Strong, Substantial, and Fine Finish, Speciality for India.

Ladies' Size, Keyless, at .....Rs. 60.
Gentlemen's Size, Keyless, at .....Rs. 85.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN INDIA.
NO AGENTS, NO MIDDLEMEN.
DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

In consequence of the Company having been specially requested to perform for H. H. the Maharajah of Kapurthala, the Opening Night in Bombay is unavoidably POSTPONED until SATURDAY, the 11th April, 1891, when they will POSITIVELY OPEN and give 4 Farewell Performances only, viz., 11th, 13th, 14th and 15th, April, 1891.

4—FAREWELL PERFORMANCES—4

IN INDIA

Of the Bombay Favourites,

COMMENCING SATURDAY, APRIL 11.

THE RENOWNED AND ONLY

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY,

THE DONATORS OF MIRTH AND MUSIC.

Patronised by Their Royal Highnesses

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT,
THE VICEROY AND LADY LANSDOWNE,
LORD AND LADY HARRIS, &c., &c.

Presenting a Picturesque Entertainment, designed to delight the Eye and enchant the Ear. Musical Dainties dished up by Hudson's Party, and swallowed with repeate cries for more.

SUCCESS A MATTER OF COURSE.

MISS MAY HABGOOD.

Misses N. Harley, Ada Walker, Blanche Gorard, Florie St. Clair, and Lillie Linton; Messrs. T. Hudson, S. Colville, T. C. Callaghan, Mons. Provo and R. Nish, in their respective specialities combine to make one of the most amusing and entertaining performances ever seen in the East.

Admission Rs. 3, 2, and 1. Smiling begins at 9 p.m.

Reserved Seats now secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

THOS. P. HUDSON, Proprietor and Manager.

SEQUAH

SPEAKS

ON THE

BORI BUNDER

EVERY EVENING AT 5-30,

AND AT THE SKATING RINK,

TO AN ENGLISH-SPEAKING AUDIENCE,

at 9 o'clock.

ADMISSION TO RINK:—Reserved Balcony Seats, One Rupee; Unreserved Seats, Eight Annas; Floor, Four Annas.

SEQUAH will hand over a third of the receipts at the door to Local Charities; the remaining two-thirds being paid for use of Rink.

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO Per Italian Steamer "DOMENICO BALDUINO," Captain A. CRUCIANI, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL from GENOA on the 7th Instant, and that she is LOADING and DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK. All claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the DEPARTURE of the STEAMER, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 7th April 1891.

SUITABLE FOR BANKS AND OFFICES.

CHUBB'S

NEW PATENT

FIRE AND THIEF RESISTING

SAFES.

EACH FITTED WITH TWO DISTINCT LOCKS.

Size	33 by 29	by 21	with folding doors	.....	Rs.	650
"	38 " 33	" 23	"	"	"	800
"	38 " 25	" 23	"	single "	"	600
"	48 " 28	" 22	"	"	"	775

The first, second, and third Sizes are fitted with TWO DRAWERS, and the fourth fitted with THREE SHELVES and (5 carers).

SUITABLE FOR HOUSES AND SHOPS.

Size	22 by 17	by 16	with one drawer	.....	Rs.	215
"	24 " 18	" 18	"	"	"	.....	"	250
"	26 " 20	" 20	"	"	"	.....	"	300
"	28 " 22	" 21	"	"	"	.....	"	350
"	31 " 24	" 22	"	two	"	.....	"	425

CHUBB'S BOX & LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

OUR

Cheapest

WHISKY

"BEN—TOR."

Rs. 18 Per Doz.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent of Stationery up to 1 p.m. of the 20th Instant for the supply during the official year 1891-92 of Miscellaneous Articles of Stationery and Stores, of which Samples can be seen on application at the Superintendent's Office, Town Hall, where also forms of Tender can be obtained and the form of Agreement can be seen.

2. Each Tender must be marked, "Tender for the Supply of Miscellaneous Articles of Stationery and Stores," and must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. (50) Fifty, which will be forfeited in the event of delay or evasion on the part of the Tenderer in executing the Agreement. A Deposit of Rs. (500) Five Hundred will also be required from the person whose tender is accepted for the due performance of the Contract.

3. The Undersigned will have no objection to accept Port Trust and Municipal Bonds as security Deposits.

4. The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. W. J. BAGNELL,
For Ag. Superintendent of Stationery.

Office of the Superintendent of Stationery, Town Hall, 6th April, 1891.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH DIVIDEND at Rs. 50 per whole and Rs. 25 per half share, for the second half year ending 31st December, 1890, is made payable at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, on and after Monday, the 13th Instant, between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p.m., to those Shareholders whose names stood on the Register on the 1st instant, on production of Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents,

Bombay, 7th April, 1891.

RE HAJEE MIRZA NUZRULEE BIN HAJEE MIRZA HASONALLI SHIRAZEE, DECEASED.

REFERRING to the Notice appearing under the Signature of Messrs. HORE, CONROY, and BROWN, as Attorneys for Mr. J. E. G. VILLA, the Receiver appointed by the Court of the Recorder of Rangoon of the estate of HAJEE MIRZA NUZRULEE BIN HAJEE MIRZA HASONALLI SHIRAZEE, deceased, in the issues of the "Times of India" of the 27th and 29th August and 25th December, 1889, and 2nd January, 1890, of the "Bombay Gazette," and the "Bombay Samachar" of the 27th and 29th August, and 25th and 27th December, 1889, and of the "Hindu Prakash" of the 26th August, 2nd September and 30th December, 1889, and 6th January, 1890, warning the Public against purchasing or having any dealings concerning the immoveable property thereunder described except as therein stated. We are instructed by Mr. Villa to withdraw his claim to such immoveable property.—Dated this 7th Day of April, 1891.

CONROY AND BROWN,
Attorneys for Mr. J. E. G. VILLA,

The Receiver appointed by the Court of the Recorder of Rangoon of the estate of Hajee Mirza Nuzrulee bin Hajee Mirza Hassanali Shirazee, deceased.

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.

THE most powerful Alterative for cleaning the Blood from all Impurities. A certain cure for Scrofula, Glandular Enlargements, Skin Eruptions, Mercurial Sores, Rheumatism and Gout, Dropsies, and in various obstinate Mucous Discharges.

Per Bottle, Rs. 2-4 and Rs. 3-12.

Made in England for

F. S. MADON & Co.,

170, SHAIK MEMON STREET, MARKET,

BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GOLD LINKS! GOLD STUDS!! GOLD SOLITAIRES!!! Made in the latest styles on our premises of Indian Gold. CREST or MONOGRAM engraved by experienced Engravers.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay or Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.—WANTED, A HEAD MASTER, salary Rs. 130, and free quarters; al so an experienced MATRON for the Boys' School. Apply (by letter) to the SECRETARY (Rev. J. C. GILDER) Middle Colaba.

FOR SALE.—Rs. 300. Handsome Pony, 13-3, sound wind and limb. Broken to Polo. Quick action; good jumper. Five years old. "X 2," "Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—ENGLISH BROUGHAM, single seat, in fair order. Rs. 400. BAROUCHE, light and good looking, in good order. Rs. 500. Handsome pair of good going BAY ARABS, with double harness. Rs. 850. Apply to "G. O." office of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—English-Built SAILING CANOE, with masts and sails complete and 85 lbs. lead keel. In good order. Price Rs. 150. Apply to "E. S." care of office of this Paper.

NATIVE ART POTTERY.—Wonderland, School of Art Compound. Native Designs and Shapes. Suitable for Presents. Very Moderate Prices.

SQUARE PIANO, by Lipp, of Stuttgart, FOR SALE, in good order, Rupees 325. Apply Colonel W. H. Wilson, "The Grange," Malabar Hill.

WEAVING MASTER, WANTED, for a Mill Up-Country. A well experienced Parsee or Hindoo Weaving Master. Apply with particulars of previous appointment to "ALPHA," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a CLERK. Must write a neat hand and be quick at figures. Salary Rs. 25. Apply to No. 980, care of this Paper.

WANTED EMPLOYMENT, by an European, ex-Gunner, 35 years old. Smart, steady, willing and intelligent. Can speak Tamil, Telegu and Hindustani fluently. Good appearance, reference, and address. Travelling preferred. Moderate salary asked. Apply "SEEKER," care of "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

WANTED, SENIOR COMPOUNDERS. Apply personally with Testimonials to Treacher and Co., Ld., Byculla.

GODOWN TO LET.—Spacious and dry Godown in Armenian Lane. Apply "A. B.," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

HOUSE TO LET, on Cumballa Hill, from end of May for six months. Furnished. Apply to H. M. PHIPSON.

TO BE LET.—Good Airy Rooms, on Colaba Causeway, Jubilee House, No. 5, Ground floor, First and Second Floors. Rent moderate. Westerly breeze. Apply to Mr. N. J. FRAMJEE, 32, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

MATHERAN.—TO LET, RED LANDS, No. 2 BUNGALOW, quite new. Drawing, Dining, two Bed and Bath Rooms, with Furniture complete. Apply to COWASJEE DINSHAW and Bros., Meadow Street.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED BUNGALOW TO LET, at Cumballa. All Rooms facing west, commanding charming view of Hill and Sea, from 15th April to 15th June. Apply sharp, "A.B.," care of this Office.

TO LET, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW, comprising Sitting, Dining, 2 Bed and Bath Rooms, situated outside Lanowlie Woods. Apply "URSA," 37, Baboola Tank Road.

RECEIVED KEYS of all kinds for English or French Clocks and for Musical Boxes, and also spare Springs of all sizes.—STEFFEN AUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

STEAM-LAUNCH.—"VICTORIA." This Fine New Launch is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS to Elephanta and other places of pleasure resort in the Bombay Harbour. For Terms apply to THOMAS COOK & SON, 3, Rampart Row.

FRENCH COFFEE, as used in PARIS. 10 As. per ½ lb Tin. BERMUDA ARROWROOT in Bottles and Tins. PEARSE, Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort.

HALL MARKED 18-Kt. GOLD KEEPER RINGS.—A fresh Consignment of London-made Keeper Rings of MIZPHIA, BUCKEL, CURVED, CHASED, and many other elegant Designs just to hand. Price Rs. 15 only. Well worth money.—JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN.—The most popular Hotel on the Hill, affords all the comforts of a home at moderate charge. Rooms are bright, airy, and commodious, while the situation is the highest and the most central.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent, under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

RACE VIEW HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—The above Hotel is next to Lord Reay Villa. It is under a First-Class Management. It is open only to European Ladies and Gentlemen.

IN consequence of daily increasing demand for accommodation at RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR, it is much extended. Single Ladies and Gent can now have Private Sitting-rooms attached. These New Suites of Rooms are ventilated on Scientific principle and with the latest Sanitary Improvements. Cook's Hotel Coupons accepted.

MATHERAN CLARENDON HOTEL.—Well-known; most central; very close to Public Offices, Library, &c. Visitors may rely on Mr. DESOUZA'S well served table. Charges moderate.

"THE STANDARD" again heads the list of the Scotch Offices for the past year. New Assurances £1,379,002. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

GENT'S PUMPS.—Our SEASON'S STOCK has just arrived. Rs. 11 per Pair. Unequalled for Style and Quality.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD., Bombay.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.—A large number of thoroughly good well seasoned Instruments lately returned from Hire, selling at reduced Prices.—S. ROSE and Co., 33, Rampart Row, Bombay.

TRICYCLES AND BICYCLES, Bassinette and Perambulators, a large stock to select from, of good English make. Various styles and patterns with latest improvements.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and CO., Sole Agents.

FOR SALE—Two handsome silver-grey C. B. MARES, both aged. Height 14-2 by 15 hands respectively, the first broken to harness. For particulars apply to STEPHENS and SONS, Girgaum.

EUROPEAN LADY, of long experience in TUITION, desires to GIVE PRIVATE LESSONS in French, German and English, Conversationally and Gramatically. Also Evening Classes. Address "MADAME," care of this Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette*.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY, and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed its. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, Albert Building, on MONDAY, the 20th April 1891, at 2 p.m.

To receive Directors' and Auditors' Reports for Year ending 31st December 1890.

To elect a Director and Auditors.

To declare a Dividend.

To transact any other Business which may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

Albert Building, Bombay, 7th March, 1891.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 667 OF 1877.

KARIM MAHOMED JAMAL, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant and Butcher, residing at No. 33, Butcher Street, in the Island of Bombay, outside the Fort, and AYSHABAI, widow of YAROO MAHOMED KHOOMED, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, also residing at No. 33 aforesaid .....Plaintiffs.

vs.

RAJOOMA, widow of KARIM MAHOMED VULLEE, and NOORBAI, widow of ALLY MIYA CHAND, daughters of TAJOOBHOY KALLABHOY, late of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, deceased, and administratrixes of his estate and effects, residing in house No. 32, Butcher Street, in the Island of Bombay, outside the Fort, and DATOOBHOY EBRAHIM, Khoja, Mahomedan Inhabitant of Cutch, by his duly constituted Attorney, CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM residing in Khoja Moholla, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Defendants.

Pursuant to the orders made in the above suit and bearing date respectively the twenty-third day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and the consent Judge's order bearing date the twenty-second day of December one thousand eight hundred and ninety, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises by Messrs. BENNETT and COMPANY, Auctioneers, by order of Charles Edward Fox, Esquire, Commissioner of this Honorable Court, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon:—

PARTICULARS:—

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs, Karim Mahomed Jamal and Ayshabai, widow of Yaroo Mahomed Khoomed, and of the abovenamed Defendants, Rajooma, widow of Karim Mahomed Vullee, and Noorbai, widow of Ally Miya Chand, daughters and administratrixes of the estate and effects of the late Tajoobhoy Kallabhoy and Datoobhoy Ebrahim, the mortgagee of the share and interest of the Plaintiff, Mahomed Jamal, in all that piece or parcel of land with the dwelling-house or chawl standing thereon, situate on the East side of Butcher Street, otherwise called Nagdevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement seven hundred and eighty-five square yards, be the same a little more or less, and which land is assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under Street Nos. 43-47 A and 47 B, and Ward Nos. 313 (1) and 313 (2), and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Mamoola bin Hamedoola, on or towards the South by the property of the Butcher's Mosque, on or towards the East partly by the property of Shaik Boolun bin Alan and partly by the property of Ali Sahib bin Balloo Miya Coor, and on or towards the West by the said Butcher Street, otherwise called Nagdevi Road, and which said land and premises were formerly in the occupation of the Defendants, Rajooma and Noorbai, and are now partly in the occupation of the Plaintiff, Karim Mahomed Jamal or his tenants, and partly in the occupation of his said Mortgagee, Datoobhoy Ebrahim, and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of the said Messrs. BENNETT and Company, or at the office of Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland and Bayley, Attornies for the Defendants, Rajooma and Noorbai, No. 30, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 9th Day of March, 1891.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 23 OF 1890.

MUNCHERJEE NOWROSJEE DAVUR of Bombay Parsi, residing at Cumballa Hill, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Plaintiff.

vs.

ABDUL HUSSEN NUZMUDIN of Bombay Bora Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Shaik Abdul Rahiman Street, outside the Fort, Bombay .....Defendant

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the Twenty-Fifth Day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the Fifteenth Day of April, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One, at the Hour of Three O'clock in the afternoon:—

PARTICULARS:—

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff Muncherjee Nowrosjee Davur and of the abovenamed Defendant Abdul Hussen Nuzmudin or either of them, in all that piece or parcel of land or ground lying at foot of the Malabar Hill, together with the buildings standing thereon, situate on the northern side of the Walkeshwar Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement one thousand and sixty-six square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Pension and Tax No. 156, New Survey Nos. 7283 and 7289 and by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under Ward No. 2496, sub No. 1, and Street No. 523, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the properties of Sudanand Muccoojee and Jaffer Suleman, on or towards the South by the Walkeshwar Road, on or towards the East by the property of Madhowrao Gunput, and on or towards the West by the property of Javerchund Goomanchund and which said land and ground was formerly in the occupation of C. A. Greves, subsequently in the occupation of D. Sala and is now vacant.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Cantoy and Brown, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay—Dated this 20th Day of February, 1891.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 85 OF 1888.

JEHANGIR MANEKJEE CURSETJEE of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, now serving as District Deputy Collector of Tanna, and CURSETJEE DHUNJIBHOY SHROFF, also of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Gowalia Tank Road, being the Trustees of the Agiary of the late CURSETJEE MANEKJEE, situate in Raghunath Dadajee Street, within the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

SORABJEE FRAMJEE BOMONJEE of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay, KAMALAI SAHEB RAJE SHIRKE, daughter of MALHARAO, the ex-Gaikwad of Baroda, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Poonah, and SOONDER SALOO NAIQUIN of Bombay Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum Back Road, without the Fort of Bombay.....Defendants.

IN APPEAL FROM ITS ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Appeal No. 639.

SUIT No. 85 OF 1888.

SORABJEE FRAMJEE BOMONJEE of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay. } Appellant and 1st Defendant.

vs.

JEHANGIR MANOCKJEE CURSETJEE of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, now serving as District Deputy Collector of Thanna, and CURSETJEE DHUNJIBHOY SHROFF, also of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Gowalia Tank Road, being the Trustees of the Agiary of the late CURSETJEE MANEKJEE, situate in Raghunath Dadajee Street, within the Fort of Bombay. } Respondents and Plaintiffs.

PURSUANT to the final Decree made in the above Suit and Appeal, and bearing date the Twenty-Eighth Day of April, One Thousand Eight Hundred & Ninety, the following immoveable property WILL BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the Eighth Day of April, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One at the hour of Three O'clock in the Afternoon.

PARTICULARS:—

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Jehangir Manockjee Cursetjee, Cursetjee Dhunjibhoy Shroff, Sorabjee Framjee Bomonjee, Kamabai Saheb Raje Shirke, and Soonder Saloo Naiquin, or any of them in all that piece or parcel of land, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the east side of Hornby Road and Raghoonath Dadjee Street, within the Fort of Bombay, which said piece or parcel of land is delineated with a Red Colored Boundary in the ground plan filed in the above Suit in the Office of the Commissioner, High Court, and also all the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house built over the land and building adjoining the said piece or parcel of land and belonging to the Agiary of the late Cursetjee Manekjee and which Agiary premises are delineated with a Green Colored Boundary on the said plan, but with the exception of two rooms on the first floor and one room situate between the first floor and ground floor, which said three rooms are also delineated with a Green Color Boundary, and marked, respectively, I. J. and H. in the said plan, and form part of the said Agiary premises, all which land now offered for sale is situated in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and contains by admeasurement two hundred and forty-one square yards or thereabouts, and is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 52, New No. 442, old Survey Nos. 662, 671, 697, and 699, and New Survey Nos. 2-8887, 2-8888, and 2-8889, and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Ward No. 2341 and Street Nos. 39, 41, and 43, and is bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Perozbai, daughter of the late Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, First Baronet, on or towards the south by Borah Musjid Cross Lane, on or towards the east partly by the said Agiary premises of the late Cursetjee Manekjee and partly by the house of the said Perozbai, and on or towards the west partly by the said Hornby Road, and partly by Raghoonath Dadajee Street, and which said premises are in the occupation of the abovenamed Appellant and First Defendant, Sorabjee Framjee Bomanjee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, and Dinsha, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs and Respondents abovenamed, No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 21st Day of February, 1891.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

NOTICES.

THE SASSOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SALE.—Two CORNISH Steel Steam BOILERS, 25ft by 4ft. 9 in. with big dome, for a daily working pressure of 80 lbs. per square inch, made by Messrs. J. Galloway and Sons; also one HORIZONTAL HIGH-PRESSURE CONDENSING ENGINE, for 30 nominal horsepower, with separate Expansion Valve. The Boilers and Engine can be seen in use in the above Company's Mill at Victoria Road, Mazagon. Apply

DAVID SASSOON & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, April 1, 1891.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TEAKWOOD BOARDS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 100 tons of 3" and 4" TEAKWOOD BOARDS.

Specification and form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned.

Tenders which must be on the Company's form, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be received by the Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on Wednesday, the 8th April next, after which hour no Tender will be taken.

The Deposit will be held by the Company as security for the due and proper fulfilment of the contract, and in case of failure on the contractor's part, the Railway Company may cancel the contract and forfeit the deposit without the necessity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st March, 1891.

THE MORMUGAO TRADING Co., LD.

CAPITAL, Rs. 50,000.

In 500 Shares of Rs. 100 Each.

THE above Company has this day been Registered, and the BUSINESS will be OPENED at Mormugao, from the 1st April next, as General Agents and Merchants. About 200 Shares remain unalloted, and applications for them are invited.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

CHRYSTAL BROTHERS,
Agents in Bombay.

A. C. NORONHA & Co.,
Manager in Mormugao.

Bombay, 20th March, 1891.

CAMEL HAIR BELTING.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the Undersigned, have been appointed the Sole Agents of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. for the sale of "CAMEL HAIR BELTING" in the Presidency of Bombay.

The word "Camel," as applied to Belting, is a registered Trade Mark or Designation, and any one, without the leave of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. sells Belting as "Camel Hair Belting" is liable to be prosecuted.

For Prices and Particulars of "Camel Hair Belting" apply to

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
Khetwady, Bombay.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

હેપતુલા શેકચ્યાદમની કું૦

i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,

Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the SECOND SESSIONS of 1891 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on FRIDAY, the Tenth Day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanours and Offences, had, done, or committed, within the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanours, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed, by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanours, Offences, and other Maritime crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their rolls, records, indictments, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 18th day of March, 1891.

PRYCE WEEDON,
Sheriff of Bombay.

WANTED.

WANTED.

A MARATHA GRADUATE for the post of Assistant Teacher in H. H. the Nizam's Government High School, at Gulburga, on a Salary of Halli Siccas Rs. 50 a Month. Preference will be given to one who has taken Persian for his Second Language.

A. VENOOGOPAUL PILLAI,
Inspector of Schools,
Southern Division, Hyderabad (Deccan).

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The property of a Gentleman proceeding to Europe shortly. A very handsome Light and Stylish C. and under spring VICTORIA by C. S. Windover and Co.; been used for four months only; and a pair of well matched and handsome HUNGARIAN GREY HORSES, with a set of silver plated English Double Harness.

For further particulars apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF RACING PONIES.

AT THE GRAND STAND, POONA, on Saturday, the 11th April next, commencing at 8-30 a.m. Favorable opportunity for those requiring really good and high caste ponies.

Messrs. Ludha Ebraim and Co. have been favoured with instructions to submit to Public Auction, on the above date, time, and place, the following well known ponies, the property of J. Cooper, Esq. V. S., going Home.

1. "Legacy" ch. C. B. Gelding (Parrotts) 4 years old, by Grendon, out of Conceit by Thunder.
2. "Steward" G. A. P. 13 1 6-8.
3. A. Lightwood Polo-Gig, built in England. New. Last September, and cost Rs. 500. Together with B. A. P. 13-2. (W. L. Life Certificate) and set of harness.

Also the property of J. K. Grainger, Esq.

"Music Master," chestnut G. B. G. (Bombay) 5 years old, by Songster out of a Waler Mare Songster by Skylark (Lord Falmouth's) out of Mavis.

For further particulars apply to

LUDHA EBRAIM and Co.

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At their original prices, plus 8 annas or carriage, &c.

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VEGETABLE AND FLOWER.

ARMY, NAVY AND CIVIL SERVICE STORES,

APOLLO BUNDER.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for an valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent Post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 259A, High Holborn, London, Eng.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 121 Military Messes and 32 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London
JUSTE RINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL ST. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
THOS. MOSLEY AND Co.	Gibraltar.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

FINE HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY,

FROM J. D. WATSON & Co., LONDON.

Rs. 25 per dozen, subject to 5 Per Cent. Discount for Cash SPECIAL TERMS TO TRADERS, MESSES, AND CLUBS.

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DUBLIN.

TRADE MARK

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POT STILL ONLY.

BOTTLED IN BOND AT THE DISTILLERY.

Swallows (5 Years Old) .....Rs. 30 per Dozen
" (3 ") ..... " 27 "

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	20	8 p.c.p.a.	950
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	910
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	120-25
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	--
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160
Silver Share..	..	..	..	..	104

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	12,500	1,000	all	20	520
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	4	80xd
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	6½pr.ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	695
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co.	600	500	500	20	385xd
Central India	3,750	500	500	45	1,025
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	950
Connaught Mills	600	500	25	10 pr. ct	620
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	635
Coorla Mills	300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	455xd
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	480xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	850
Empress	2,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	590
Framjee Petit	11,250	1,000	1,000	15	58
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	105
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	800xd
Hinguanghat Mill	700	500	25	10 pr. ct.	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	585
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	790
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	350
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,000
James Greaves	1,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	630
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	11,800	250	250	10	240
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	805xd
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	590
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	680
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	525
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	192
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	1,015
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,190
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	300
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	50	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,315
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	5	122½xd
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,00	70	1,650
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	10	7 pr. ct.	10
National	500	1,000	1,00	Nil.	170
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,00	20	775
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	450
People of India	1,000	250	25	Nil.	5
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,155
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,400
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	430
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	Nil.	10) nom
Southern Maratta	1,212	250	250	12	267½xd
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	245
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Swadeshi Mills.	3,000	500	500	Nil.	445
Victoria Mills.	550	1,000	1,000	24	360
Western India	11,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	750
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	720
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,050
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	25	700
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Britannia Mills.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	730

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	£ 100
B. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	£ 18	£ 18	..	do.	42½

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	950
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	790xd
Apollo	750	2,400	2,400	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	350
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	130
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	505
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	330
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,360
English Press and Manfg.					190
Fort	180	250	..	Rs. 20	90
French	515	8,500	8,500	50	520
Harvey and Sabapathy	308	500	all	20	
Hemgrol Press Co., Ld.	450	450	500	30	410xd
Khangaum	750	100	all	32½	137½
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	54	420
Mercantile	1,300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	60
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	435
New Berar	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	185
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	545
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	96½
Sabapathy (Bellary)	600	500	500	40	350
Sassoon	500	500	50	120	530
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500	2	500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,200
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	50	410
Volkart	1,200	250	250	75	210
	..	1,000		Rs. 80	790

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	250
	750	150	150	7½	190
Backbay Mills	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	91
Bapty Bros	16,625	200	185	18	40
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,000	1,00	70	850
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,50	135	3,475
Do. New Issue.	500	375	62	33½	870
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	25	25	94
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Flour Mills	1,000	500	50	Rs. 37½	900
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	50	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	180-81½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct	1,05 nom
Geyer & Co., Ld	500	100	70	..	70 no.n
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct	13
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct	75
Kemp & Co	4,000	200	175	25½	293
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	102½
Maharanee Ice M anufacturing Co.	3,50	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	85
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	51-52 dn
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	130
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	65
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	385
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	50
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	60
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	975
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	91
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	14
Western India Flour	..	..	..	..	16

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	22-5-6
China Leaf	,,	22-5 nom.
Bar Gold, New	,,	21-12 ,,
Do. Old	,,	21-14 ,,
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	,,	22-5
English Sovereigns	,,	14-9
Do. Dragons	,,	14-9
Bar Silver 17 Batterness	,,	106-8
Bar Silver 17 Do.	,,	106-10
Spoon Silver	,,	106

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, Annual Meeting, Cathedral High School, 5-30 p.m.
Indian Temperance Association, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45. p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—H. M. S. Euphrates, from Portsmouth; Mobile (s), Jeddah; Nevasa (s), Calcutta; Kapurthala (s), Karachi; and I. M. S. Clive, Marmagao.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Osburgha (barque), for Mauritius; Umballa (s), Calcutta, &c.; Idar (s), Liverpool; Rome (s), London, &c.; and I. M. S. Crocodile, England.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Rome left the dock yesterday.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Mobile entered the dock yesterday, and the s. s. Ponani left on Monday.

THE HINDU NEW YEAR.—The Hindus connected with the High Court have petitioned the Chief Justice and the Judges to add "Varsha Pratipulla" (New Year's Day), which falls on the 9th inst., to the list of holidays.

INDIAN TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—The usual monthly meeting, open to the public, will be held this evening, at 5-30 o'clock, at the Money School, Dhobi Talao, when Dr. Bhalchandra K. Bhatawadekar, L. M. & S., will deliver a lecture on "the Dangers of Moderation."

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Persian Gulf, except Gwadur, Jask, and Muscat, close at Karachi at 4-30 p.m. to-morrow. Mails for Singapore and Hongkong direct, per extra s. s. Gwalior, will be closed at the General Post office at 7 a.m., to-morrow. Mails for Muscat, Linga, Abbas, Behren, Bushire, and Busreh, per extra s. s. Satara, will be closed at the General Post office, at 10 a.m., to-day.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.—The annual meeting of the Bombay Branch will be held to-day in the Cathedral Boys' School, at 5-30 p.m. The Bishop of Bombay will preside. The Rev. W. E. Scott (acting Archdeacon), R. G. Oxenham, Esq., M. H. Starling, Esq., the Rev. F. N. Hill, and the Rev. H. Lateward have promised to be present and take part in the proceedings. It is hoped that all friends and well-wishers of the Society will make an effort to be present.

A FATAL FALL.—Dr. Blaney, the coroner, held an inquest yesterday afternoon, at the Gokaldas Tejpal Hospital, regarding the death of Savitreebai, a Hindoo woman, aged 55 years. Deceased, who lived with her son at Pulton Road, was very feeble and unable to walk without the aid of a stick. About a week ago deceased fell on a verandah and severely injured her head. Three days afterwards she had to be removed to the G. T. Hospital, where she died yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

RIPON MUSIC CLUB.—The eighth annual entertainment of the club took place at the Novelty Theatre, on the 5th instant. The performance commenced with a musical entertainment in which some of the members sang Hindustani and English songs; after which was enacted a comedy in two acts, entitled "Jehanghir and Jee," by Mr. N. R. Vacha, and the manner in which the several actors in the play were applauded amply testified to the satisfactory nature of the performance.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme will be played at the Yacht Club, by the Band of the 5th Bo. L. I., to-day :—

Overture.....The Armourer.....Lortzing.
Polonaise .....Im Brautschmuck ...Merzdorf.
Valse .....The River of Years...Liddell.
Concertino for Cornet Solo .....A Muller.
Finale.....Stradella .....Flotow.
Quadrille .....La Mascotte.....O. Metra.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A THIEF FOR A NEIGHBOUR.—A Hindu, named Tookaram Hari, was yesterday brought up at the Girgaum Police Court, charged with the theft of two dhotis and three caps, which he had stolen from a neighbour, named Gopal Kanoo. Tookaram, it would appear, entered his neighbour's room, while he was asleep and was just leaving with the articles he had stolen when he stumbled and fell. The noise awoke the complainant who at once got up and secured the thief. Accused pleaded guilty, and there being a previous conviction against him, he was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

THE B. E. I. ASSOCIATION.—The secretary of this association acknowledges, with thanks, the receipt of the following donations towards the schools established under the auspices of the association :—Mr. J. M. Campbell, C.S., Rs. 20; Messrs. J. K. Spence, C.S., the Hon. Mr. Justice E. T. Candy, the Hon. Mr. Justice L. H. Bayley, the Hon'ble Noworosjee N. Wadia, and the Hon. Sir R. West, Rs. 10 each; Mrs. E. Birdwood, Messrs. Ludha Ebram & Co., Messrs. C. Marcks, and M. F. Esperanca, Rs. 5 each; Messrs. Ardaser Meherban Iranee and Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama, Rs. 3 each; Eshripershad, Chief of Delhi, and Messrs. K. R. Cama and C. D. Limjee, Rs. 2 each; Messrs. B. D. M. and J. K. R. Cama, Rs. 1 each.

BREAKING INTO A PUBLIC HOUSE.—Rama Luxman, a Hindoo, who had been several times previously convicted, was yesterday charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, with the theft of two bottles of country liquor and two dhoties, the property of one Framjee Pestonjee, country liquor vendor, Byculla Road. It appears that about two o'clock on Saturday morning accused climbed on the roof of the shop, and by removing the tiles made his way into it and helped himself. But as he was walking along the road with the stolen property under his arms, he was arrested on suspicion by a policeman. Accused pleaded guilty and having three previous convictions against him was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE CHARGE OF BIGAMY.—Mr. C. P. Cooper, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday committed Mahadoo Bickoo Borea to undergo his trial at the approaching Sessions of the High Court on the alleged charges of abetment of bigamy and adultery with Ruckmeebai, wife of one Sonoo Baloo. The prisoner made a statement to the Court before commitment that the complainant, Sonoo Baloo, had received Rs. 30 as a consideration for relinquishing his claims and rights on his wife and had passed him an agreement to that effect in the presence of the *punchayat* convened in his (the accused's) native counry for that object. The agreement bore the attestation of twenty-five persons as witnesses. He (the accused) would make his defence before the Sessions Court, where he would submit the names of his witnesses to the Clerk of the Crown. The prisoner was allowed bail in Rs. 200 and a surety for the same amount.

THE CHARGE OF CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION.—Gangjee Akhai who stands charged with criminal breach of trust and misappropriation in respect of Government loan notes nominally valued at Rs. 65,000 belonging to Mohunjee Hirjee, deceased, was yesterday committed by Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, to take his trial at the next Sessions of the High Court. Mr. Robertson, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Tyebjee and Dyabhoy, was present for the prosecution, and Mr. Rivett-Carnac, barrister-at-law, under instructions from Messrs. Conroy and Brown, for the defence. In this case, it appears, the deceased Mohunjee Hirjee directed that the above sum should be devoted to certain charities. A suit was instituted in respect of the will by the Advocate-General at the instance of Soonderjee Jairam and Lukhmidas Kurbum against Gangjee Akhai and Nenbai, the widow of the deceased. An order was made by virtue of which Mr. C. A. Turner, the Official Assignee, was appointed receiver in that suit by Mr. Justice Farran who directed Gangjee Akhai to deliver all the charity properties to Mr. Turner. But it appeared to the Official Assignee that the sum of Rs. 65,000 in Government loan notes were sold by the accused to the National Bank and the Chartered Mercantile Bank. Hence the action adopted by the prosecution. The prisoner reserved his defence until brought up for trial.

DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Clan Macgregor, in the Prince's Dock, this evening, at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, Officers, Engineers, Seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

"HE IS noble that hath noble conditions." A dirty palace is outranked by a cottage cleaned with SAPOLIO.—Try a cake in your next house-cleaning. Agents.—H. BALLANTINE & SONS, Hornby Row, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and the Hon Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

WHEN DOES EARTH CEASE TO BE LAND?

IMPERATRIX *vs.* SHIV RAM BIN LUCHMIRAM AND OTHERS.

THIS was an appeal by the Government of Bombay against an order of acquittal passed, on the 23rd September, 1890, by Mr. P. W. Sathe, Second Class Magistrate of Poona, at Khed, before whom the three accused were charged with theft, under Section 379 of the Indian Penal Code. Mr. G. R. Kirlosker appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused were charged by the complainant Saku, wife of Ramchandra Kasar, with theft in taking away from her ground 100 cart-loads of earth. Although the complainant proved the ground in question to belong to her, the first accused claimed it in a purchase deed executed by the father-in-law of the complainant. She urged that the purchase deed was a forged one; and the District Magistrate upon an inspection found it to be a forged one. The Magistrate said there was no theft if the thing stolen is not moveable; and the question in this case was, whether earth taken away by digging was a moveable property? He came to the conclusion that earth thus removed could not be said to be moveable property as the accused severed and took out what was attached to the earth, but what was itself part of the earth; and that if it was not moveable property, the offence of theft was not complete. That a property stolen must be moveable was one of the four ingredients required to constitute the offence of theft. (Queen Empress *vs.* Kotayya, 10 Mad. H.C., 255.) The accused were, therefore, acquitted and discharged.

Mr. Justice Birdwood, in disposing of the appeal, said :—The accused in this case were charged with stealing 100 cart-loads of earth from the complainant's land; and have been acquitted by the Magistrate, second-class, on the ground that earth so taken cannot be the subject of theft. This decision is in accordance with the ruling of the Madras High Court in Imperatrix *vs.* Kotayya (I. L. R., 10 Madras, 255.) We are unable, however, to follow that ruling. It appears to us that earth, when dug or ploughed up, so as to be in a state in which it can be put into a cart and taken away, ceases to be "land" or a thing "attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the earth" within the meaning of Section 22 of the Indian Penal Code. By the process of digging or ploughing, earth may become severed from "the earth" or from any "land" to which it was attached; and may so become "moveable property" within the definition contained in that section. As soon as earth is so severed, it becomes capable of being the subject of theft as appears from explanation 1 of Section 378 of the Code; and a moving effected by the same Act which effects the severance may be a theft as appears from explanation 2 of that section. We must, therefore, reverse the order of acquittal and order that the accused be retried.

Mr. Justice Parsons, said: I concur. Explanation 1 to Section 378 of the Penal Code provides that "a thing so long as it is attached to the earth, not being moveable property, is not the subject of theft, but it becomes capable of being the subject of theft as soon as it is severed from the earth." Section 22 of the same Code states that the words "moveable property" are intended to include corporeal property of every description except land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to any thing which is attached to the earth. Two judges of the Madras High Court have held that the property referred to in these sections means property different and distinguished from the earth itself, and that it is not theft to dig up and carry away earth (I. L. R., 10, Madras, 255). I am unable to agree with them and I prefer to follow the dissentient judge and the previous ruling of the same court in the Queen *vs.* Tamma Ghantaya and others, *ib.*, 4 Madras, 228. Section 22 of the Penal Code does not exempt "earth and things attached to the earth," but "land and things attached to the earth," "land" and "earth" are not synonymous terms, and there is a great distinction between "the earth" and "earth." By severance things that are immoveable become moveable; and it is, in my opinion, perfectly correct to call those things attached which can be severed; and undoubtedly it is possible to sever earth from the earth and attach it again thereto. In places where earth is scare, it is a common article of purchase and sale. A cart or donkey-load of earth may be bought any day in the bazar. This earth is certainly moveable property, and it has become so by reason of its having been severed from the earth to which it was once attached, and to which it will again become attached when deposited thereon. Under the Penal Code, it does not matter, by whom the severance is effected; and a person is said to cause a thing to move by separating it from any other thing, while a moving effected by the same Act which effects the severance may be theft. (Explanations 2 and 3 to Section 378.) In my opinion, earth, that is soil, and all the component parts of the soil, inclusive of stones and minerals, when severed from the earth, is moveable property capable of being the subject of theft. Whoever, therefore, severs such earth from the earth, with the dishonest intention specified in Section 378, can be said to commit theft.

Their lordships reversed the Magistrate's order of acquittal, and directed a retrial of the case by the same Magistrate.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS—APRIL 5.

Massie, 2 Lt, Bo, R A, on duty, from Kirkee.
Boyd, 2nd Lt, Bengal, R W Surrey Regt, on duty, from England.

APRIL 6.

Lang, Col, Bengal, on leave, from Amritsar.
Oswald, Capt, Bengal, 1st Lancers H C, on leave, from Aurungabad.
Hobday, Capt, Bo, R A, on duty, from Kirkee.
Parker, Surgeon Major, Bo, I M S, to rejoin from Australia.

APRIL 7.

Gillard, Vty Surg, Bo, A B D, on leave, from Deesa.
Downing, Lt, Bo, 2nd Rl Dublin Fusiers, on duty, from Poona.

DEPARTURES—APRIL 6.

Hudson, Surgn, Bo, I M S, on duty, to Sirur.

APRIL 7.

Sheppard, Lt,-Col, Bo, assist Judge Advo gen, on leave, to Poona.
Rogers, Col, Bengal, The Royal Irish, on leave, to England.
Knyvett, Col, Ms, Staff Corps, to England.
Anderson, major, Bo, M A Dept, on furlough, to England.
Crambie, Surgn-Major, Bengal, I M D, on furlough, to England.
Brooke, Lt, Ms, 7th Hussars, on leave, to England.
Vernon, Lt-Col, Ms, 2nd Bedford Regt, on leave, to England.
Lang, Col, Bengal, on furlough, to England.
Greany, Surgn-Major, Bo M S, on leave, to England,
Sinclair, Capt, Bo, 1st Belooch Battn, on leave, to England.
Oswald, Capt Bengal, 1st Lancers, H C, on furlough, to Europe.
MacLaren, Surgn-Major, Bengal, I M S, on furlough, to Europe.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 8th April, 1891.

1. Sanction has been received to the drill season for the 2nd Battery, being extended to the 30th April for the purposes of the capitation grant. Carbines will be issued at the Nesbit Lane Head-quarters between the hours of 5 and 7 on every night when there is drill for the members of that Battery, and members are requested to apply for the same at once.

2. There will be a meeting of the members of No. 2 Battery, at the Nesbit Lane Head-quarters on Friday night, the 17th instant, at 9 p.m., for the purpose of electing a Lieutenant and a 2nd Lieutenant of that Battery. All members are requested to attend. In accordance with Rule 17, the names of all candidates for election must be submitted for approval to the Regimental Committee, prior to the election, and such names must be received at the Fort Head-quarters not later than 6 p.m., on Monday the 13th instant.

3. Captain W. G. Wilson is appointed a member of the Regimental Committee.

4. There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the Fort Head-quarters, on Monday, the 13th instant, at 6-30 p.m. All members are particularly requested to attend :—

Business :—The monthly examination of the accounts, the nominations for Officers of No. 2 Battery, and the re-arrangement of the sub-divisions in No. 1 Battery.

5. The prizes will be distributed at the Town Hall on Saturday, the 18th inst., at 9 p.m., by the General Officer Commanding the District.

6. The following drills will take place for No. 2 Battery at the N[illegible] Road Head-quarters :—

Thursday 9th,—5-45 p. m.—Squad Drill.
Friday 10th,—5-45 p. m.—Gun Drill.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 8th April, 1891.

I. The Commanding Officer prrticularly requests that members will return their arms and accoutrements to Head-quarters on or before Saturday, the 11th instant.

2. The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to 2nd Lieut. S. Tomlinson from 3rd to 16th instant, both days inclusive.

3. "The Tennent Memorial Challenge Cup" will be fired for on the Range at Coorla on Tuesday morning, the 14th instant.

The following are the names who are allowed to compete :—Corpl J A McKinnon, Lt T M English, Cadet A Herbert, Lce Corpl F Murray, Lt D J Sharp, Cr Sergt H Black, Sergt J Waller, Vol E Hopkins, Lt F W English, Vol E W Pyrke, Corpl G F Lund, Vol C E Morris, Sergt J E Kees, Sergt T Reed, Ar Sergt W Boylette, Vol E A Strelly, Vol F E Otto, Qr-mr Sergt W Stephens, Sergt A R Sharp, Vol M Ward, Vol J W Gordon, Lce Sergt W H Brewer, Cr Sergt G J Wright, Cadet O Clyne, Cr Sergt A D Little, Sergt E Sands, Sergt H Fido, Vol H Bullock, Vol J Brooks, Vol H Prescott, Vol E Sadler, Cadet W Dubignon, Vol H M Kelly, Vol C J Hall, Vol H Nicholls, Vol W Jackson, Vol A Baird, Corpl D Warner, Vol F Wilton, Sergt W Buckle, Vol P W Jackson, Lce Corpl J J D'Souza, Vol V F Pimenta, Vol A Shaw, Cr Sergt E Thomas, Vol W D Small, Vol H Lilly, Vol S W Lynn, Sergt W G Nicholl, Major R S Brown, Corpl J Lawrence; Vol T Richstieg, Vol C Stephens, O R Sergt, V Tabardu, Vol H J Walsh, Vol J W Watson, Capt J Kenny, Cadet G Christopher, Cadet H Barrett.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. Members are requested to return their carbines to Head-quarters as early as possible.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain
Adjutant, B. V. Rifles.

GENERAL ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head Quarters, Simla, 27th March.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

2nd Punjab Cavalry—Capt M H S Grover, Sqn Commander, to move up in grade succession, vice Batten, seconded for employment on the District Staff.

Lieut W W Norman, Sqn Officer and Adjut to be Sqn Comdr, sub pro tem, vice Grover.

Lieut C C Leveson-Gower, supernumerary on the establishment of the regiment, to be Sqn Officer, vice Norman.

Capt F H Yate, Sqn Officer, 5th Punjab Cavy, to be Offig Sqdn Comdr, with effect from date of joining, vice Grover, appointed Station Staff Officer, Meerut.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the undermentioned officers are permitted to exchange to the battalions specified against their names, provided the public be put to no expense by the arrangement :—

East Surrey Regiment—Captains H W Benson, 2nd Battn; and A B Dunsterville, 1st Battn.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieut :—2nd Lieuts R G T Baker Carr and S Mills, Rifle Brigade.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave, to England :—

1st Batt East Lancashire Regt—Lieut G R C Stuart, for twelve months, on private affairs.

1st Batt Hampshire Regt—Lieut H B O Coddington for six months, on medical certificate.

2nd Battn R I Regt—Col G W N Rogers, for seven months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

3rd Bengal Cavalry—Capt H J J Middleton, to Kashmir, for six months, on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

5th Punjab Infantry—Capt F B Mein, to Kashmir, for six months, on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(*Gazette of India*, Simla, April 4.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Brgdr-Genl H Collett, CB, Commanding the Assam Dist, is appointed temporarily to officiate as Chief Commissioner of Assam in addition to his military duties.

JUDICIAL.

The services of Mr C M W Brett, Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Bengal.

The services of Major A K Macpherson, Cantonment Magistrate, Mian Mir, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Dept.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Govr Genl in Council is pleased to appoint Capt C G F Fagan, Assist to the Resident at Hyderabad, to be a Magistrate of the 1st Class, as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure, within the limits of the Hyderabad Residency Bazaars, and to invest him within those limits with all the powers with which a Magistrate of the 1st Class may be invested under that Code.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Military Secretariat, Accounts Branch.

Capt W J B Bird, S C, Military Accountant, 3rd class, to be Depy Accountant Genl, vice Major W R L Anderson, S C, whose tenure of that appointment has expired.

Furlough and Leave.

Capt W St J Richardson, S C, Assist Mily Accountant, 2nd class, has been granted by the Secy of State for India furlough out of India, (m c) for six months.

Capt E S Brooke, R A, Ordnance Officer, 4th class, is granted leave to sea, (m c) for one month.

Major T E Rowan, R A, Ordnance Officer, 4th class, is granted general leave in India, (p a) for six months.

The undermentioned officers and warrant officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India :—Col H M Buller, Bengal Cavalry, Comdt, Central India Horse, (p a) for four days; Capt E E Robertson, S C, Sqdn Comdr, 2nd Regt, Central India Horse, (p a) for 90 days; Capt H J Bolton, Staff Corps, Wing Comdr, 42nd Gurkha (Rifle) Regt of Bengal Infy, (m c) for six months; Capt V C Tonnochy, S C, Wing Comdr, 4th Sikh Infy, Punjab Frontier Force, (p a) for 105 days; Lieut T B Wood, RA, Subaltern, No 7 (Bengal) Mountain Battery (m c) for 183 days; Lieut L Coape-Ludlow, S C, Sqdn Officer, 9th Regt of Bengal Lancers, (p a) for six months; Sub-Condr W C Link, Ordnance Dept, Assist Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Fatehgarh, till date of resuming duty; and Second-grade Assist Apothecary T J E Murphy, (m. c.) for 185 days.

Col G Atkins, S C, has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to reside out of India on vacating command of the 1st Regt of Bengal Infy.

The following promotions are made subject to H M's approval :—

Medical Department :—Surgeons to be Surgeons-Major.—F F Perry, PW Dalzell, MB, S Little, MD. G H D Gimlette, MD, C B Hunter, and J C C Smith, MB,

BANK OF BENGAL.

The Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's Establishment :—Mr W B Smith has been appointed to act as Agent at Allahabad vice Mr W E Hildreth, who has obtained three months' leave; Mr. W Benton has been appointed to act as Agent at Cawnpore, vice Mr N H Y Warren, who has obtained leave to Europe; Mr B W Wheeler has been appointed Agent at Patna, vice Mr J W E Lombard, who has obtained leave to Europe.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR CENTRAL INDIA.

Lieutenant A B Mayne, B S C, 2nd Central India Horse, is granted privilege leave for sixty days.

Major H A Vincent, Indian Staff Corps, 1st Central India Horse, is granted privilege leave for sixty days.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

Capt G G J S Jones, Bo SC, Adjt of the Deolee Irregular Force, is granted sixty days' privilege leave.

Lieutt C Hutton Dawson, Adjt, Meywar Bhil Corps, is granted privilege leave.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMERE-MERWARA.

Mr. A D Collis, Inspr of Police, Ajmere-Merwara, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the offices of Dist Supt of Police, in addition to his own, during the deputation of Mr. B Egerton on Census duty, or until further orders.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Notification.

The following temporary promotions and reversion are ordered in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

NOTICE.

Sale of lathe, pumps, machines, &c., in Re Hirjibhoy Ruttonjee Jusoo Meamins, advertised to be sold THIS DAY by order of the Official Assignee, H. C, has been POSTPONED, until further order.

SALE OF PROPERTY AT KANDAWADY IN GIRGAUM.

On TUESDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the mortgagee Mr. Waghjee Korojee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. Gunputrao Anandrao by virtue of a mortgage deed date 18th April, 1889, the following valuable property:—

All that the one equal undivided third share of the said Gunpatrao Anandrao of and in all that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate without the limit of Bombay, in the cart, called Kandawady in Girgaum and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 61, New No. 567, Old Survey No. 496, New Survey No. 7591 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under No. 119, together with the ground or land therewith occupied or thereto belonging or appertaining or lying northward of the said dwelling-house, admeasuring in all five hundred and fifteen square yards, be the same, little, more or less, and bounded on or towards the east by the public passage preserved with the said Kandawady Cart for the use of the residents thereof, on or towards the west by the public passage or road, on the westward back road, on or towards the north by the dwelling house of Raghoonath Narayen Khotay, and on or towards the south by the dwelling-house of Mangesh Rangoba Senoy, and which said premises are in the joint possession of the said Gunpatrao Anandrao and his brothers and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SALE OF SHARES AND BONDS.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., at Brokers' Hall, Share Bazaar, Fort, by order of mortgagee Mr. Waghjee Korojee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. Gunputrao Anandrao, by virtue of a mortgage deed, dated 18th April, 1889, the following shares and bonds:—

Five shares in the Bombay Cotton Press Company, Ld.
Two Bonds of Ville De Paris Empreant Municipal De 1871.
One Share in the Fort Press Company, Limited.
Two Shares in the Prince of Wales Company, Limited.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, April 8, 1891.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

The sale of landed property on the Elphinstone Land Estate advertised to take place TO-DAY, is postponed until further notice.

IMPORTANT TO MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS, CHEMISTS, AND DRUGGISTS.

AUCTION SALE of the stock-in-trade of a wholesale Druggist at Chuckla, near Jakaria Musjid.

Under instructions from the trustees of the estate of Thakersey Bhanjee and Davidass Bhanjee, who lately traded under the name of Thakersey Bhanjee, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 18, Chuckla Road, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, and the following days, at 1 p.m. each day, the whole of the remaining stock-in-trade, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, tinctures, powders, roots, empty bottles of sizes, disinfecting powder, tea, soaps, glass cupboards, large iron safe, &c.

The property is on view.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Chowpatty, Gamdevi Road, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, fancy table ornaments and flower vases, Hink's table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, pictures, a strong-built waggonette, &c., the property of NOWROJEE FRAMJEE, Esq., mail contractor.

The property is on view.

SALE OF JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account of the concerned—

1 sapphire, 2½ carats, 6 emeralds, 2 rubies, 1 large stone, 1 large inferior ruby, 1 ruby, 1 ruby ring, 2 ruby and brilliant rings, 1 emerald ring, 1 ruby and diamond ring, 1 emerald ring, 1 ruby ring, and 1 diamond emerald ring.

Property is on view.

SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On FRIDAY, the 10th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Byculla Saw Mills and Timber Works.

A quantity of mill sawn timber, of various sizes, and suitable for varieties of work.

In lots to suit purchasers.

On SATURDAY, the 11th April, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 18, Church Street, Mazagon, opposite the Chapel of Lady of Gloria, the very valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood, dining room, drawing room and bed room furniture, made to order, under European supervision, also elaborately carved blackwood four posts bedstead complete, a very rare and elegant piece of workmanship, open, carved blackwood sofas, chairs, pier tables and teapoys (suitable for presents to home friends) rich porcelain dinner service complete for 24 persons, glassware, best plated ware, a firstrate iron framed Cottage Pianoforte by Emil Escherberg, Dresden, first-rate large size musical box playing 24 airs with drum by Marcks and Co., on stand, hand organ by Metzler and Co., London, glass chandeliers, with spare K O duplex founts, artificial flowers, under glass domes, clocks, mahogany and camphur wood chests of drawers, large library presses made to order, Brussels carpets, chaise garden plants, &c., the property of Captain A HOUSTON.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

On TUESDAY, the 14th April, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 31 Tent, Esplanade, opposite the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned cottage pianoforte by Kirkham, glass aquarium with gold fishes, sewing machine, table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, pictures, Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome table ottomans, plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of A. H. D. PRICE, Esq. Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 15th April at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Edington House, Hancock Bridge Road, Mazagon, opposite the premises lately known as Hamilton's Hotel, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture best platedware, rich crockery, glassware, a first rate cottage Pianoforte by Soundy and Co. in good order. Brussels carpets, China and Japanese flower vases, Hinc's table and hanging lamps, pictures, &c. the property of J. T. HANSON, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, April 8, 1891.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF RAILWAY PLANT, STORES, &c., &c., AT THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY'S STORES DEPOT, PAREL.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, and the following days, at 1 p.m. each day, until the whole is disposed of at the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel—

A quantity of railway plant, stores, &c., consisting of augurs, loading boards, C. I. crossings, chains, old casks, tin cans, files, old furniture, C. I. fire bars, brake blocks, scoops, piston rings, bevil bars, glass plates, Scrap iron, tie bars, coiled keys, corrugated sheets, leather scrap, rails, rope, canvas hose pipes, steel scrap, old tyres, teak scrap, old tents, wheels and axles for lorries, and miscellaneous other articles.

The materials have been already weighed, and the weighment noted on each lot, and purchasers must accept this as final.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down, and the balance must be paid and the goods removed away within one month, failing which the same will be re-sold on account and at the risk of the first purchaser.

A monthly rent of Rs. 3 per square yard will be charged by the Company as ground rent on all the lots that are not removed within the stipulated time allowed for their removal.

The goods are now on view.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.

1 Box Singer's sewing machine needles.
1 Wheeler and Wilson's machine needles,
2 cases colored scarves 9 yards.
1 „ colored silk handkerchieves.
1 „ white striped muslin, 10 yards.
1 „ khakee dress brocades.
2 „ oxford shirtings.
10 bales Turkey red twist.
5 „ grey shirtings.
3 „ grey dhooties.
9 cases assorted soap.

By order of Sa Isverdass Mugunlal and on account of Pranjeevundass Golabdass—

50 bales twist, No. 8 of The Jeevraj Baloo Mill.

AUCTION SALE of PERFUMERY, MEDICINE, &c, &c, by the well known makers—G F Coward and Co., Napoleon Price and Price Company.

On THURSDAY, the 9th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their rooms the invoices of perfumery medicine, &c, by the well known G. F. Coward and Co, Napoleon Price and Price Coy, just landed, the same consisting of peppermint, lozenges, lemon and cayenne, drops, jujubes; liquerice, milk of roses, pure glycerine Dalby's carminative, chlorodyne, bals capavi, jamaica pomatum, rose lip salve, tooth brushes, &c, &c, Napoleon, Price and Co's concentrated essence of white rose.

Damask Rose, Moss Rose, Spinarosa, Gloriola lavendar water, shaving sticks, shaving cakes, transparent glycerine soap, &c.

Price and Co's assorted perfume in gilt stoppered bottles.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, April 8, 1891.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, KHANDALLA.

THIS HOTEL is splendidly situated, and within easy distance from the Railway Station.

Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.

Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 YEARS IN PRACTICE.

No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

EXTRACTS out of Numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE:—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara:—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goilkera:—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E, Reporter, Cannanore:—All the cases tried upon have recovered. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c, at Re 1.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

BY J. K. STARLEY & Co.,

OF COVENTRY.

A NEW SUPPLY of the above Machines has just been unpacked by

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,

SOLE AGENTS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

For Strength, Elegance, and Lightness they are Unrivalled.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO INTENDING BUYERS ONLY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

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NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*, and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas,

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REAL IVORY HANDLED CUTLERY.

GUARANTEED PURE STEEL. Of the very Best Quality, with through Tang.
Table and Dessert KNIVES and CARVERS.
A small supply just received by

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,

House Furnishers and Billiard Table Makers,
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"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

HURJIMULL AND COMPANY,

JEWELLERS & SHAWL MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. I. H. THE CZAREWITCH.

Best Indian Jewellery and Curiosity Shop in Bombay.

RAMPART ROW AND MEADOW STREET,

BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 12 noon Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Goculdas Callianji Press, Colaba, on account of the Underwriters,—

A quantity of cotton damaged by water and fire.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 37, Marine Lines, opposite to the Marine Battalion Mess, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, of the latest design and best workmanship by Jamsedji Nowroji, cabinet maker, and others, best electropiated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table lamps, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, very rich Persian carpets, &c., the property of A. C. LOGAN, Esq., B. C. S.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built mail phaeton, in very good order, by "E Kesterton."

1 strong bay Arab pony, 5 years old, about 13-3, goes well in saddle.

1 second-hand strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.

1 second-hand strong victoria with flea-bitten grey pony and harness.

1 strong bay Arab horse, 14-2, 8 years old, quiet in saddle and harness.

AUCTION SALE of Arab and Persian Horses at Mr. Oomer Jamal's Stable, Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club.

On SATURDAY, the 11th instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, the property of different native dealers going to their native country.

A lot of Arab and Persian horses consisting of chargers, racers, galloways, ponies, hacks, &c.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the executrix of the estate of the late E. Haydn, Esq., Messrs. BENNETT & Co will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 p.m., at Bandora Hill, close to the Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy Sanitarium, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best electro-plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, hanging and table lamps, Brussels and velvet carpets, pictures, &c.

Detailed catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES AND PONIES AT ALLI BIN AMEER STABLES, RIPON ROAD.

On SUNDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, by order of the concerned, and on account and risk of Yoosuf Abba Shaba—

9 Arab horses and ponies.

Also about 40 Arab and Persian horses, the property of different dealers going to their native country.

On a day to be fixed hereafter Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Breach Candy, opposite the Scandal Point, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished substantial made household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, all made to special order by Mr. Wimbridge, very rich Doulton, Crown Derby, Majolica, Satsuma and Kanga table ornaments, very handsome table hanging and wall lamps by Osler and Co., rich Brussels and velvet carpets, one handsome strong English-built square-shape landau by E. Kesterton & Co, nearly new, 1 pair of handsome black Australian horses both go in single and double harness one handsome glass fronted miniature brougham, &c, &c, the property of HORMUSJEE NUSSERVANJEE VAKEEL, Esq, proceeding to Hyderabad.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, April 8, 1891.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 7.

MONEY appears to be still easier in London, the Market rate of discount on Short Bills having been reduced yesterday by ¼ per cent., say to 2 per cent.; and that on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper by ⅜ per cent., at 2¼ per cent.; Consols being unaltered at 96⅞; but Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. lower, at 108¼. Bar Silver was 1-16d. higher, at 44⅞d. per oz.; and Indian Securities improved to the extent of ¼ per cent. in each denomination at £75¼ and £77¼, respectively; while in New York the metal was ⅜ cents lower, at 97¾ cents with exchange unaltered at 4·88½ dollars. The United States Treasury bought yesterday 393,000 ounces more Silver at 98·27 cents to 98·35 cents per oz. The Exchange Banks' buying rate in London on India, at 30 days' sight, was put down ⅛d. yesterday, making it stand at 1s. 4⅞d. again. French Rentes were unchanged at 95; Paris Exchange on London was slightly lower, at frcs. 25·20.

The market for Bombay Linseed was unaltered at 43s. 6d. per quarter on the spot, and 42s. 6d. to arrive, ex-quay. Wheat was easier, and No. 1 Soft White was ½d. per cental lower, at 8s. 2½d.; spot White Delhi being unchanged at 7s. 5½d. per cental, ex-quay.

Cotton in Liverpool closed quiet, all round, yesterday evening, a further decline of 1-16d. per lb. having been established in spot Americans, at 4 13-16d. per lb., American Arrivals having also receded 1-32d. in all positions excepting the most distant in which the decline was only 1-64d. The day's Sales were only 7,000 bales, inclusive of 600 Surats. The Imports were 25,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

In New York, 9 cents remained the price of ready Mid.-Uplands; and June Futures were also unchanged since Friday, at 8·92 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 13,000 bales; and the figures to date now show the following comparison with those for the preceding two years:—

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Monday's Receipts ...	13,000	7,000	7,000
Two days' do. ...	26,000	9,000	15,000
Since 1st Sept. '90 ...	6,314,000	5,582,000	5,255,000

There has been a rather less dull feeling in our local Cotton Market to-day, and the tone may be called quiet, with prices unchanged, with only a moderate business passing. The purchases for account of the Mills sum up 1,300 bales, of which 500 were Indore, at Rs. 170; 300 Jalgaum, at Rs. 169; and 300 Bengal, at Rs. 149-57; and 100 bales each of Mowa, at Rs. 181¼; and Bhownugger, at Rs. 170; while, for export, 1,050 bales were taken, consisting of 250 Jalgaum, at Rs. 153-67; 200 Pachora, at Rs. 151¼; 200 Bharsee, at Rs. 177-9; 100 bales each of Barsee, at Rs. 192; Khangaum, at Rs. 158; and Dhulia, at Rs. 147; and 50 bales each of Untni, at Rs. 163½-5½; and Saria Ginned, at 172 per candy.

WHEAT.—Notwithstanding an easier market on the other side, the feeling has been firm here to-day, and a large business for export has been done on the basis of previous rates.

SEEDS have been in only moderate request, and the volume of business in this market shows no increase; but the feeling is steady, and prices are unchanged for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	22,358	bales.
Wheat	115,043	cwts.
Linseed	83,542	„
Rapeseed	17,180	„
Gingelly	7,115	„
Poppyseed	1,589	„
Groundnuts	14,958	„
Castorseed	6,592	„

FREIGHTS are weaker, and there is more tonnage offering. Business has been done, for April shipment, to Continental ports, at 27s.; and for May at 25s. 6d. per ton. A May steamer (the St. Marmeck) has been fixed for Amsterdam at 25s. for a cargo of Linseed; other cargo 1s. per ton more.

EXCHANGE opened quiet this morning at 1s. 5½d. for Demand Bank Bills, and 1s. 5 11-32d., for three months' sight Credits; and a few Bills at the latter usance were placed in the morning at 1s. 5 3-16d.; but as Calcutta came firmer, 1s. 5 11-32d. became the general rate again. Small transactions have been reported in Bank Telegraphic, for next week's transfer and ready at 1s. 5½d.: and some forward business was also done for May, at 1s. 5 5-32d.; but the demand for remittance has been very limited, and business generally has been very dull. At closing, Credits were saleable for all April delivery at 1s. 5 11-32d., with a steady feeling in the market. We quote ready:—

Bank Bills on demand ...1s. 5½d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic ...1s. 5 1-16d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight.1s. 5¼d.	„
Credits do. .1s. 5 11-32d.	„
Francs 3 months' sight...1·82½	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet to-day, with little doing either for money or account; but yesterday's final rates for Fours have been maintained, and we quote at closing 106 1-16, 105⅞, and 105⅝ in the three positions, respectively. 107¼ nominal is still quoted for the other denomination.

SHARES.—Cotton Mill Scrip continues to improve, and we quote Rs. 10 per share higher in several cases; but the market generally is quiet though steady, at previous quotations. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced to Rs. 950 per share.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.

Surats quiet.

Good Dhollerah.....3 15-16.
The Manchester Market has been quiet.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight. 1s. 4⅞d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account... 96⅝
3 per cent. French Rentes 95
4 per cent. Rupee Paper 75¼
4½ per cent. „ 77¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 108¼
Bar Silver 44½

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, APRIL 6.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara left here this evening.

SUEZ, APRIL 6.

The City Line steamer City of Dublin arrived here from Bombay this evening.

PLYMOUTH, APRIL 6.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Peshawar arrived here this morning.

LONDON, APRIL 6.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Fraser arrived here yesterday evening.

ADEN, APRIL 7.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer Imperator arrived from Bombay at daybreak.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 7th April, 1891.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	6	8	43 p. m.	18	28
Teheran	7	1	21 p. m.	...	27
Suez	7	2	15 p. m.	...	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 7th April, 1891.

—	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	30	...	7
„ Kurrachee ...	...	18	...	1
„ Madras	...	22	...	1

TRINCOMALI, APRIL 6.

H. M. S. Boadicea from Bombay arrived.

COLOMBO, APRIL 7.

O. L. Mail steamer Oruba from Aden arrived.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

GIBBS—BEAUMONT—April 6, at Christ Church, Surat, by Rev. F. N. Hill, Henry Metcalfe Gibbs to Lizzie Hamilton Ferrier Beaumont.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

AHSUNOLLAH—March 31, at "Ahsun Munzil," Dacca, the wife of the Hon'ble Nawab Ahsunollah, of a daughter.

SUTHERLAND—April 3, at Calcutta, the wife of G H Sutherland, Esq, of a son.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1891.

WE publish to-day an instalment of two lengthy judgments recently delivered in the High Court by Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Parsons, on appeals from the District Court of Ahmedabad, which illustrate in a notable manner the service that the High Courts in India may now and again render to the public in checking and correcting the acts of the Executive. The matter came before the Court in the form of cross-appeals, to which the parties were, respectively, the Secretary of State and one Desai Samaldas Becharlal, a Guzerat Talukdar, who sued for the recovery of the village of Kathini Aliani, held by him on a tenure well-known in Guzerat, and which had been first attached by Government, and then forfeited. One item in the plaintiff's claim, which was of secondary importance, may be at once disposed of. The plaintiff sought to recover, in addition to his village, a sum of about Rs. 1,400, with interest, the amount of compensation said to have been paid to Government by the Bhownugger-Gondal Railway in compensation for land included in the village which had been granted for the purpose of railway construction. Here the plaintiff was debarred from obtaining satisfaction by the technical difficulty that due notice of the claim had not been given; though we gather from Mr. Justice Parsons' judgment that even if the formalities had been duly complied with in this regard, and if it had been shown—as it had not—that Government had received money on account of the plaintiff's land, they would have been entitled to hold it on trust until the attachment had been removed. This, however, was a subsidiary matter. The essential element in the case was an attachment by Government on the first of July, 1880, followed, in January, 1881, by the conversion of the attachment into forfeiture, involving the conversion of a talukdari village into *Kalsa* land. The plaintift had held the village, with other land, for some years, though he appears never to have lived there, and he seems to have had a rather turbulent set of tenants, some of them Kathis who appear to have played the part of village tyrants. In order to keep the peace of the village it was found necessary to quarter a punitive police post there, and this was the beginning of the Talukdar's difficulties with Government. The accounts for the year 1878-79 and 1879-80, which are summarized in Mr. Justice Birdwood's judgment, tell the story with sufficient clearness. In the first year he was enabled, partly from the proceeds of his property in another village, to satisfy all the Government demands. But when the time came for him to pay his first instalment on account of 1880, in May of that year, he was shown by the accounts to be a defaulter to the extent of Rs. 279. As the plaintiff had at this time absconded in order to evade a sentence of imprisonment for theft, the Collector concluded that there were no means of recovering the revenue due on the village but by attachment, and an order of attachment was accordingly issued on the 1st July, 1880, followed—if the history of the village may be summarized so rapidly—by a order of forfeiture in January of the following year.

It was against this order of forfeiture that the plaintiff appealed, in the first instance unsuccessfully, to the District Judge at Ahmedabad, and afterwards successfully to the Bombay High Court. If the story is carefully followed, in the judgments of which the first portion is printed to-day, it will be difficult to escape the conclusion that there have been high-handed proceedings somewhere. On the first of July, 1880, when the attachment order was made, the total sum due by the plaintiff was Rs. 440, including Rs. 124, the cost of the punitive police post, in respect of which he had previously been debited with a charge of Rs. 373. Now the question is whether the cost of a punitive police post should have been debited to the plaintiff, or whether it should have been recovered from the villagers themselves, who had obviously a more direct responsibility in preserving the peace of the place than a man who lived at some distance, and who, *prima facie*, could at the most only be saddled with a constructive liability to bear such a charge. The High Court have held that the plaintiff's contention that he was not chargeable was a sound one, and consequently that at the date of the issue of the attachment there were really no arrears of any kind recoverable from him, but on the contrary there was a small balance to his credit. As, however, the plaintiff did not, in his present suit, seek to disturb the attachment—for he has still six years within which to bring that to an end—it is relevant to inquire how matters stood at the end of 1880, just before the more drastic process of forfeiture was substituted for attachment. The High Court hold that though at that time there was actually a balance of about Rs. 50 against the plaintiff if the police charges were excluded, this result could only be shown by including the salary of a police patel, and it is by no means clear, they point out, that this could be properly recovered as land revenue. At whichever date the balance is struck, therefore, the plaintiff's estate was capable of satisfying, and in fact did satisfy, all the legitimate demands of Government, and it was only by including charges not properly leviable upon him that he could be held to be in default. The High Court seem, however, perfectly logical in taking the date of the issue of the attachment order as the date which determined the position of the plaintiff in regard to the claims of Government on his village. From the day that the village was attached his responsibility for it was in suspense, and to go on charging him with the cost of punitive police after that date was an aggravation of the original error at which it is difficult not to feel astonished. Yet it was by this accumulation of illegal charges that the village was made to appear to be one that could not be profitably worked under attachment, and that an excuse was given for issuing an order of forfeiture.

In declaring the Government order of forfeiture to be illegal and void, the High Court have declared also the illegality of dealing with charges for the maintenance of punitive police as though they were revenue charges. The law empowers the Government to employ a special police force in any village which shall be found in a dangerous or disturbed state, and the notification issued under the Act stated that it was "in consequence of the conduct of the inhabitants" that additional police were to be posted in the village of Kathini Aliani. Now the plaintiff, as has been stated, is not an inhabitant of the village, and it would be hard to make him personally and solely responsible for disturbances to which he had not contributed by acts either of omission or of commission. The very essence of the arrangement is that the wrong-doer shall pay, and even if it had been sought to attach a merely constructive responsibility to the plaintiff the fact that he lived in another village should have protected him from charges which the Act expressly says shall be levied "by such an assessment on the inhabitants thereof" as the Collector in his discretion shall see fit. Under the Talukdars' Act of 1888, it is true, the holders of villages in Gujerat have to defray ordinary police charges. But there is an obvious distinction between this and the case of a village in which the inhabitants have either harboured bad characters or been themselves turbulent. The quartering of additional police upon them is expressly a punitive measure, and the punishment takes the appropriate form of a demand for the maintenance of the force whom their own wrong-doing has brought into their midst. Perhaps, however, the most noteworthy thing in the case is the quiet assurance with which Government, through officers presumed to know all that they ought to know regarding the equity and law of the matter, set to work to confiscate private rights. At two stages a grievous wrong was done to this man—first, in levying charges upon him which were illegal and inequitable, and then in taking advantage of the ruin to which his estate has thus been brought suddenly to convert its temporary attachment into forfeiture. Of the illegality of the proceedings both Judges have spoken with no uncertain voice. Mr. Justice Parsons held it to be clear that if a village had been once attached under Section 159 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code Government would have no power to make any further order depriving the plaintiff of his right to redeem it within the time allowed by law, "and no argument to the contrary," the learned Judge said, "is tenable or even possible." By no order, he continued, could Government curtail by a single day the period allowed to the owner of an attached village within which to resume it on complying with the terms of the Act. The result of the decision is that the forfeited village reverts to the status of a village under attachment, and this means that at any time within twelve years of the original order the owner can recover possession of it by satisfying the claims upon it. The High Court has once more, as in its recent judgment in the Kanara Salt Cases, performed one of its most important constitutional functions in protecting the rights of the subjects against the misapplied zeal of the Executive, and in view of the value of the service which it has rendered we think it well to print these two judgments at length.

THE harassed tax-payers of the world, those of India included, owe a debt of gratitude to Major Sydenham Clarke for the trumpet of revolt against the costly fads of Royal Engineers and their kin sounded in his work (just issued by Murray, London) on fortification. He lays it down boldly that fortification is a question of common-sense, but that there is little to be found of that essential quality in the dreary morass of pedantic technicalities into which the most remorseless and incorrigible of the great spending departments contrives to sink for ever the hard-earned millions of defenceless populations. We breathe a freer air when we learn on such good authority that "there is no school of thought in regard to fortification; that elementary principles are still floating in solution, and that no concensus of matured opinion has ever been attained" by those who claim as a matter of right to spend the last rupee in the Treasury on elaborate frauds, which if weak can offer no resistance, and if strong will never be approached by the perverse enemy who will, like the Pharisee, pass by on the other side. The experience of Sebastopol, of Plevna, and of many a place besides, shows that simple extemporised works adapted to the locality and to the needs of the hour serve their practical and patriotic purpose quite as well as elaborate and costly permanent works. This principle is enforced by innumerable examples, which justify the expert in his general conclusions that "no science is so delightfully empirical as that of fortification. The test of experiment cannot satisfactorily be applied to it; that of practical experience is uniformly ambiguous. No fad is so unimportant that an instance cannot be found which affects to illustrate its utility; no office-table theory so unpractical, that evidence of some sort cannot be produced for its support. For the data are never scientifically complete, and each successful or unsuccessful attack or defence may generally be traced to any one of a dozen causes in accordance with the personal predilections of the writer." The moral of all this lies in the application of it. How many crores have been and are being sunk in the construction of costly and elaborate permanent works for the defence of a frontier, which would certainly be stronger without them if they had to be held by garrisons subtracted from the field army on which the result of a campaign must depend. How many crores are yet destined to be thrown into the same bottomless pit? And it must be borne in mind that even the most costly, most elaborate, and the most permanent fortification above or under ground may and probably will be made obsolete within five years from the date of construction, by the demoniacal ingenuity of inventors, in producing new explosives. Fortifications, however strong, will be worse than useless encumberances if they be not supplied with artillery of the newest pattern and the longest range. Where are the hundreds of guns required for an elaborate system of frontier fortifications to be obtained? Even the few batteries which have been erected in Bombay have not yet received their complement and there is small prospect of their being armed within the next five years with big guns of the newer kind. Granted the guns, how many shells can each discharge before it puts itself out of action? Some of the more costly guns have been fired twice without splitting, but as a rule it is considered prudent to discontinue firing the newest Armstrongs very early in their history, as the muzzle droops, and there is always some danger that the gun will fire its own muzzle off if it be pressed to do too much. We know that Lord Armstrong strenuously denies that this is the case, and he assures his shareholders the fault is not in the guns, but in those who use them. Suppose we accept this disinterested view of the matter, will Lord Armstrong or any gunner undertake to produce a breed of artillerymen warranted to use the complicated hydraulic and electrical machinery forming necessary adjuncts to the modern cannon without putting something out of order which it would take the Woolwich Arsenal a month to set right again? Major Clarke in his book is at pains to point out that sieges are long or short "according to the spirit of the troops, the genius and readiness of resource of their commanders, the available supply of food and ammunition and not because the fortress was laid out on simple or complex lines." He shows how mere handfuls of Turks behind fortifications which scarcely deserved the name held out for months against regular armies and powerful artillery while the improvised earthworks at Plevna proved even more formidable to the large and well-appointed Russian army than the more or less regular fortifications of the strong places on the Danube. Indeed they were much more formidable as they rose up in front of the invader where he least expected to encounter anything of the kind. Had a fortress been built at Plevna ten years before the war, the Russian General would have either made provision for a regular siege, or have carefully taken another road. The unforeseen is an element which disconcerts most calculations, and that is precisely the element which is eliminated on those parts of the frontier on which the engineers spend most of the public money.

MR. JUSTICE SCOTT, who arrived in this city from Egypt on Monday, will not, as was at first contemplated, take up temporarily his duties as a Judge of the High Court, that course now being found to be unnecessary. Mr. Scott returns to Egypt by the mail of the 18th instant.

MR. INVERARITY has been retained as counsel for the prosecution of the editor of the *Eastern Herald*, Mhow, at the suit of Captain Norman Franks for the publication of the defamatory articles the writer of which was recently sentenced to thirteen months' imprisonment and a fine. The case is fixed for to-morrow, (Thursday.)

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ASMAN JAH has given leave to the Nawab Vikar-ul-Mulk to remain absent from Hyderabad until he has completely recovered. The Nawab, who is now much better, and able to transact business daily, will shortly leave Bombay for Mahableshwar for the hot-season.

A TELEGRAM was received from Calcutta yesterday announcing that Mr. Syed Ali Belgrami, F.G.S., Director General of Mines to the Nizam's Government, stands first in the LL.B. Examination of the Calcutta University, and has been recommended for the University Gold Medal. Mr. Syed Ali is, we believe, the first Mahomedan who has achieved this distinction, and it is the more noteworthy as it is fifteen years since he left College.

AMONG the passengers who left Bombay yesterday by the P. and O. extra mail steamer Rome were Sir Andrew Scoble, Sir Reginald and Lady Beauchamp, the Hon. C. H. Moore, the Hon. T. H. Stewart, the Bishop of Calcutta, Mr. G. W. Vidal, lately acting Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, the Hon. W. C. Maxwell, and Colonel J. G. Lindsay.

THE Bombay Philharmonic Society gave their second concert of the season at

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

JUSTICE STEPHEN'S RETIREMENT.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

The announcement of Sir James Stephen's retirement from the Bench is confirmed.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND DELEGATES.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, APRIL 6.

The delegates appointed to proceed to England for the purpose of placing the Imperial Government in possession of the views of the Colony regarding the dispute with France have sailed for London.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 6.

The Treasury to-day purchased 393,000 ounces of silver at prices ranging from 98·27 to 98·35.

THE LIBERAL LEADERSHIP OF THE LORDS.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

It is stated that Earl Spencer will probably assume the leadership of the Liberal Party in the House of Lords in succession to the late Lord Granville.

SIR J. CAIRD ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The *Times* this morning publishes a long letter from the pen of Sir J. Caird in which the writer says that the first duty of Indian statesmen is to gradually secure an increase of the food production of the country in proportion to the growth of the population. To accomplish this the system of agriculture must be converted from the exhaustive to the restorative. He advises a gradual increase in the area of cultivated land and in the produce on the land now under cultivation. In conclusion he urges those in authority to facilitate the conversion of land held on leasehold tenure into free holdings.

THE SHIPMENTS OF TEA TO AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 7.

The Treasury has decided that in future tea shipped to America from European countries must be marked with the name of the country in which it was grown.

AN AMBUSH IN THE CHIN HILLS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 6.

Mr. Macnalle, the Political Officer in the Chin Hills, has been attacked by a stray body of Chins at Tammu, about forty miles west of Haka. He had a hundred men and two guns with him. The information received has been scanty, but it is considered probable that our men fell into an ambush.

Five were killed and many wounded; amongst the latter being Lieutenant Forbes. Our forces have returned to Haka, where steps are being taken to punish the attackers. The Government of Bengal will co-operate on the northern side. The attackers are said to be Hlangtlangs who have given much trouble for the past four or five years.

THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, APRIL 7.

The recent Government Resolution of the 24th ultimo concerning the City Municipality was communicated to the President on the 2nd instant, with instructions that the report called for by the Government be submitted on or before the 8th May. The Municipal Commissioners, at a meeting held this evening, appointed a Committee consisted of Rao Bahadurs D. V. Gokhle and Kashinathji Dhackji and Rao Sahebs Namjoshi S. H. Chiplonkar, and Godbole to draw up the scheme called for by the Government regarding the appointment of an Executive Officer, the Committee being instructed to take as their guide the resolution of the General Committee passed at previous meetings on this subject. The Committee to submit their report within fifteen days from this date. The Managing Committee was instructed to frame the reply to the specific charges made against the Municipality in the Government Resolution of 6th January last.

It was also resolved that the Government be thanked for having complied with the request of the Municipality to be supplied with the papers connected with the Collector's enquiry, and that the Collector be requested to give the Municipality copies of the letters of the Collector and of the Commissioner, Central Division, copies of which letters were not received along with the other papers. Some doubts were expressed as to whether the reports called for by Government could be got ready within the time prescribed by Government, but it was resolved to make every effort to get everything that was wanted ready within the time fixed.

THE DECORATION OF COLONEL WESTMACOTT.

At the parade of the Kirkee troops this morning, Colonel Westmacott, Commanding the 28th Bombay Pioneers, was presented by Major-General R. Blundell Hollinshead Blundell, Commanding the Poona District, with the insignia of a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order for his services during the recent Chin-Lushai Expedition. The troops at Kirkee are :—The R Battery, R.H.A., the 35th Field Battery, R.A., the 53rd Field Battery, R.A., the 55th Field Battery, R.A., one Company of the 2nd (King's Own) Royal Lancaster Regiment, the 28th Bombay Pioneers, and a few Companies of the Bombay Sappers and Miners. The troops were formed up in three sides of a square, the Infantry being in line of quarter-column at six paces interval, with two Batteries on each flank at close interval. The General, accompanied by his A.-D.-C. and the District Staff, was received by the Infantry at "the shoulder," the artillerymen carrying swords. The General first proceeded with the presentation of the insignia of the D. S. O. to Colonel Westmacott, who was called to the front. In making the presentation, the General addressed a few words to the troops. Major-General Blundell said that H. M. the Queen-Empress had been pleased to confer the D.S.O. upon Colonel Westmacott, and he (the General) was now about to present the insignia of that Order to Colonel Westmacott by order of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The General had glanced through an abstract of Colonel Westmacott's services, and he found that that gallant officer had served in five campaigns prior to his taking the excellent part he did in the Chin-Lushai Expedition, for which he had been granted the D. S. O. The General mentioned the several occasions on which Colonel Westmacott had been mentioned in despatches for gallant conduct and gallant leading on field service, and said that he was glad, and he felt that all present would be equally glad, that such a gallant soldier had gained such an enviable reward. In the name of all the troops assembled, and in his own behalf, the General congratulated Colonel Westmacott on the distinction he had so well earned. The General then pinned the insignia of the D. S. O. on Colonel Westmacott's left breast. The troops then marched past, first the Batteries at the walk, then the Infantry in columns of Companies; the Infantry returned in mass, and the Artillery at the trot. On their way back to their barracks, the General inspected the Artillery.

THE OUTBREAK IN MANIPUR.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 6.

It was rumoured in Calcutta yesterday that Mr. Quinton and all his party were killed, but these reports did not receive confirmation in official circles. Nevertheless the Manipuris claim to have killed nine Europeans in all.

Lieutenant Presgrave, with one hundred and seventy men, is marching from Tammu to relieve Lieutenant Grant, who is in the mud fort at Thobal beseiged by Manipuris, possessing artillery.

Of the Calcutta Volunteers who volunteered for active service sixty-eight passed their medical examination on Saturday, and were to leave for Assam on Sunday evening, under command of Captain Marcus Cox. In the Pioneer Company most of the men are West Indians, a stalwart body, used to hard work.

The Manipuris are occupying and fortifying a strong position nine miles from Manipur. The detachment of Military Police, who are doing excellent service in protecting the frontier, attacked and drove the Manipuris out of Mantana.

APRIL 7.

The wire being interrupted between Kindat and Tammu there is no news from Tammu. Supplies are being arranged for the authorities at Kohima to be sent out by two hundred of the police guard with a rocket party of the 43rd Gurkas. At Kharong, the fourth stage out from Kohima towards Manipur, supported by two hundred of the Gurkas of the 43rd Regiment from Kohima at Mao or Maisefuen and along the route further supplies will be collected.

The Deputy Commissioner reports that all Manipuri Thanas, between Mao and Singenai, were abandoned on the 4th. The Manipuris are said to be fortifying their position near Singenai. Four British Officers, two hundred and forty rifles of the 2-4 Gurkas and two guns of No. 2 Mountain Battery left Kalemyo for Tammu on the 4th instant. The 1-2 Gurkas, the Volunteer Pioneer Company, and two guns leave Goalundo for Silchar on the 7th, and four guns and the field hospital for Nigriting on the same day. The 36th Sikhs leave Goalundo on the 8th, provided sufficient transport is available from Nigriting to take on all troops, and one month's supplies with ammunition and tents. The Right Wing of the 2-4 Gurkas, under Captain Carnegie and three British Officers have arrived at Kalemyo from Kan on the 5th. A large party of them left for Tammu, under Captain Drury, yesterday. This morning another detachment under Lieutant Grant left in the afternoon; the rest, under Captain Carnegie leave to-morrow.

The detachments of the 12th Burma Regiment on the Chin Hills have all been relieved by the 4th Pioneers. These detachments all concentrating at Kalemyo will advance to Tammu as soon as transport is available. Burmese coolies are being collected for the purpose. Till the arrival of the 5th Madras Infantry at Kalemyo the Mititary Police, under Captain Hodges, will take over the Kale Valley posts. Altawa and Kangyt posts have been given up. A detachment of the 12th Burma Regiment from there have moved up up to Tammu. Lieutenant Cox proceeds in charge of these parties. The detachment of the 12th Burma will be withdrawn at once from Kale wa, but the escort of the regiment with the Sihaung Survey party remain with them till the completion of the survey work. The 32nd Burma Regiment are ordered also to Manipur. The weather is intensely hot. Mr. Telly, Deputy Commissioner, having arranged about the administration of Kale State has returned to Kindat.

The Calcutta Volunteers detachment, which has been somewhat reduced in numbers owing to the Surgeon-General refusing the Medical College students leave of absence, left Calcutta by Gaolundo by mail last night, and will join the 8th Mountain Battery at Goalundo.

RANGOON, APRIL 7.

Military arrangements for the column under General Graham are proceeding rapidly. The 2-4th Gurkas, 12th Burma Infantry, two guns of No. 2 Mountain Battery, and 250 military police will be at Tammu on Friday. A wing of the 4th Kings Royal Rifles, two guns of the same Battery, and 200 men of the Oxfordshires will reach Tammu next week. The 4th Burma Battalion forms a reserve at Tammu.

CALCUTTA VOLUNTEERS FOR MANIPUR.

CALCUTTA, APRIL 7.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief having permitted the employment of picked body of the Calcutta Volunteers in the punitive expedition being sent to Manipur, two officers and forty-eight men of the Pioneer Company of the local Corps left Calcutta last night. The officers and men appeared to be in excellent spirits and most enthusiastic at the prospect of having a brush with the Manipuris. Before their departure the officers and men were entertained by the officers of the Corps at the Volunteer head-quarters, and they were sped by a large gathering at the railway station. The men have been supplied with 200 rounds ammunition each, and in regard to equipment and food they will be on the same footing as the regular troops.

THE BLACK MOUNTAIN EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 8.

The water-supply at Derbandrai is again cut off. The Akazais and Chagarzai Jirgas met at Hond, placing watchmen to see the water-supply was not cut off again. Influenced by threats of having the villages adjoining the water channel burnt, the enemy from Baio are gradually dispersing northwards. The Indus river is showing signs of a rise.

Major Evans, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, died of pneumonia yesterday at Palosi after a short illness. A portion of the funeral service was read and the body was sent under escort to Narepur for burial.

Some of the Bonurwals are returning to their own country, owing to the scarcity of provisions.

ATTACK ON THE MIRANZAI EXPEDITION.

Information of the outbreak in the Miranzai country states that working parties on the Samana range were attacked on the night of 4th instant. The 29th Punjab Infantry and a wing of the 3rd Sikhs had heavy firing at them from 3 p.m. till dusk. Nine men of the Punjab Infantry were killed and seven men reported missing, besides the wounded.

The enemy's loss is not ascertained, but is thought to be considerable. The right wing of the 1st Punjab Infantry and two guns of No. 3 Peshawur Mountain Battery left Kohat yesterday to make forced marches to Derband on the southern slopes of the range, thirty miles from Kohat. Tents and baggage follow on the afternoon with a wing of the 2nd Punjab Infantry.

A SERIOUS RISING APPREHENDED.

Rumours are current that the Momazai Akhel Alisherzai and Alikhel, numbering about twelve thousand fighting men, are combining to prevent the making of a post on the Fomana, and have held a jirga swearing to use every means to stop the work. Particulars regarding Captain Fasken and fifty men of the 3rd Sikhs garrisoning Tholai have not been received.

FURTHER REINFORCEMENTS.

SIMLA, APRIL 7.

The Kohat Reserve Brigade, consisting of the 60th Rifles, the 19th Punjab Infantry, and the 29th Punjab Infantry, ordered to proceed to Hussan Abdul, and thence to travel by rail to Kushalgarh, and march to Kohat, will leave on the 10th instant.

The 15th Sikhs, and No. 3 British Mountain Battery have reached Kushalgarh to-day. Probably they will reach Kohat to-morrow. The 5th Gurkhas reach Kohat on the 11th.

CASUALTIES.

The troops and Militia have been withdrawn from Tsalai without any loss. Our total loss on the Miranzai frontier are :—14 killed and 7 wounded in all, of the 29th Punjab Infantry. The enemy's loss is estimated at 13, including three influential men. Lieutenant Lockhart has reached Kohat.

SUPPOSED DISASTER AT GOGAH.

An unauthenticated telegram from a correspondent states that a sad accident took place on Monday, at about 3 a.m., between Gogah and Pirum. A pattemar, named Khodiba Prema, laden with coal, was run down owing to having no light aboard, and immediately sank. Captain M. Budroodin, of the Krishna, which was present at the time, rendered valuable assistance in rescuing nine lives, but a number are said to be missing.

Enquiry was made late last night at the offices of Messrs. Shepherd and Co. in Bombay, but no report of the occurrence had been received.

THE JUBBULPORE ART EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

JUBBULPORE, APRIL 2.

In concluding my third notice of the above, I now proceed to make a few observations anent the various exhibits. Messrs. Young and Elliott had a herculean task in arranging the works according to the several sub-divisions, prior to the awarding of prizes. The "rejections," which exceeded the exhibits on view, were stowed away in side-rooms, evincing the fact that the students of the several schools took a lively interest in their labour of love. With the exception of the normal schools, the pupils prepared their work during leisure hours. At the same time I must be pardoned for saying, had the masters instructed their pupils as to what was actually required, the "rejections" would not have been so many. To the disappointed and ambitious it is love's labour lost.

Oil Paintings.—The landscapes by Mr. Mears, of the Sehore High School, were excellent. There was also another pretty scene in Wales, by Miss Jessie Harcourt. Not being teachers or students of the schools in these provinces they were debarred from competing for prizes. The "Foster Mother" and "Italian Girl," by Miss Nora Harcourt, were excellent representations. This young lady carried away the prize for drawing and painting from the Diocesan School (Naini Tal) last year. Her two subjects in "still life" displayed taste and talent. Like her sister she was not eligible for a prize. The first prize for oil-painting was given to the drawing-master of the Jubbulpore College, for a head of "Master R. Elliott." The Assistant Superintendent of the Male Normal School, Nagpur, took the second prize for his painting "Hindu Lady," and the Master M. N. School, Jubbulpore, received the third prize for head of an English lady (Mrs. Monro). "Still life" in water-colours, oils and coloured crayons, were on the whole pretty good. "Columbine"—not the sweetheart of Harlequin, who is supposed to be invisible to the mortal eye, but the handsome flower, *Aquilegia vulgaris*, took the first prize for water-colours. The busts of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, the Marquis of Ripon, and of Miss Huntingdon in black crayon were very fair specimens. The paintings on glass and satin (the latter with embroidery in crewels) reflect great credit on the Sisters, of St. Joseph's Convent, Jubbulpore. The geometrical, perspective, free-hand, and model drawings were many, and underwent the crucial test of the Bombay School of Arts. I regret to have noticed only two architectural drawings. Apparently this study is not much appreciated in the Central Provinces schools. We hope to see more at our next exhibition. The "pen and ink sketches" were fairly executed. "Photography" was largely represented. The first prize was awarded to the drawing-master of the Saugor High School.

The carpentry consisted of various kinds of work—models of chairs, gates, cottages, boxes, desks, *et hoc genus omne*. The first prize was given for a neat jewel-box made from the nuts of the *Areca Catechu* (supari)—a tedious piece of "joiner's work."

The "clay modelling" busts, fruits, a country-made slate, the terrestrial globe, epergue, &c., might be considered as very good specimens of native manufacture. Next to the drawings, the card board modelling, paper cutting and folding, called forth our admiration; also the work from the Kindergarten Schools, was very attractive. The paraphernalia for the latter system is certainly of a very high order. I beg to suggest for the future that only infants, under eight years of age, should execute the various nic-nacs required for Frœbel's system, which is introduced in the Central Provinces Schools.

Now a few words on the handiwork by "our girls." I must be cruel only to be kind. Some of the plain needlework and darning will doubtless receive more attention in future at the hands of the teachers. For examinations and exhibitions that renowned domestic, the dhobie, should not be resorted to, to hide defects. Plain needlework, knitting, and darning are indispensable household necessaries, and are the basis of a good house-wife. *En passant*, domestic economy should be at once taught in our schools, and at the next exhibition an essay on cooking might be included in the girls' schools exhibits, and a prize be awarded. Samples of embroidery on cloth (Sehore High School), and on net (Kamptee Convent), the tea cosey in crewels on plush (Sehore), the writing pad (Female Normal School, Jubbulpore), the Macrame-worked bag (Miss M. Allison, Sehore), and the Arrasene Cushion (Miss Harcourt, teacher, Jubbulpore C. C. Boys' School) deserve special and honourable mention. The various kinds of knitting in wool and cotton were good.

The first prize of the Exhibition offered for the best free-hand pencil sketch of a country cart, by the Inspector-General of Education, Central Provinces and Central India, was open alike to drawing-masters and students. Out of about fifty model drawings, that of Charles Harcourt, (pupils of the Jubbulpore Government College) was pronounced the best, and he accordingly receives the founder's silver medal.

In concluding this brief, but imperfect sketch of this maiden exhibition, I may say that the visitors cannot but be impressed with the rapid strides education in all its branches in this province has taken. Credit is due to all concerned and to the students in particular. Our thanks are also due to the ladies and gentlemen of both communities for their onerous task in awarding the many prizes. Perhaps it will not be amiss to suggest that the next exhibition should take place two years hence, to enable the pupils to improve in their respective handiwork. Let us hope that the second display will eclipse the first, which on the whole has been a success.

Yesterday the Exhibition was exclusively open for the zenana ladies, after which the Central Provinces Art Exhibition of 1891 was closed and is a thing of the past. The returning of the exhibits has now to be undertaken. The "prize-giving day" should be a ceremonial one.

"KEEP up the fight, same as your grandfather," said "a Voice" to Mr. Parnell during his speech on the 15th ult. The reference is to the story which tells how when Mr. Parnell's grandfather was newly married, his honeymoon was interrupted by a summons to take the seas against the English. As he bade his bride farewell, he asked, "What present shall I bring you when I come back?" "Bring me a British frigate!" was her reply, so says the *Pall Mall Gazette*.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

MARMAGAO, APRIL 6.

SINCE the presentation of the address at Karwar on Thursday afternoon, his Excellency the Governor, as the telegrams have shown, has been giving himself up to sight-seeing, and studying the people and the places of interest in the neighbourhood of the ports the Clive touched at. But that, as the Governor has frequently pointed out in his speeches, is just what his Excellency wishes to do. He considers it his duty as Governor, to visit as many of the places in the Presidency as he can, and as his business at the seat of Government will permit, so that he may become acquainted with the wants of the people, and be therefore able to properly allocate the funds Government has to expend. The tour, so far, has been, with business and pleasure combined, a most enjoyable one. Two days, Friday and Saturday, were spent at Karwar. It was warm, even at night, but as the Governor and his staff remained on boardship during the heat of the day, they did not suffer much. The picnic up the River Sadashivgad was a serious undertaking; but the delightfully cool breeze and the charming view spread out round us at the end of the six miles, were ample repayment for the trouble experienced. The original intention was to return by way of the river in the ship's steam-launch, but the pleasure of what would have been a rather rapid run down the quickly-flowing stream and the excitement of crossing the bar at the mouth of the river being questioned, the party unanimously decided to return as they came, by land. Undoubtedly the most pleasant trip during the stay at Karwar was the visit to the Oyster Rock Lighthouse on Saturday morning. Notwithstanding the fatigues of the previous evening, the Governor and party were early astir, ready to set sail when Mr. Woodward, the Collector, and Mr. Westbrooke, the Port Officer, came on board to escort his Excellency to the light-house. About an hour's sailing brought us to the island, where we landed in a snug little cove, Mr. Farrell, the light-house keeper, standing on the little quay ready to receive the Governor. The Oyster Rock is a rather pretty little island, the slopes being wooded, and the surface being wonderfully well cultivated. For a quarter of a century now Mr. Farrell has kept the light on Oyster Rock, and many would feel inclined to condole with him in his solitary life. Before the beginning of the rains, for instance, he gets on the island sufficient stores to last for three months, and during all that time it is but seldom a boat visits him from the mainland. And yet he does not spend a lonely or an idle life. After having been shown over the light, and hearing from him its mode of working there was no denying that with that alone he had plenty to do every day, while the neat and tidy and apparently flourishing condition of his farm showed that he must devote a deal of time to the cultivation of the soil of his little kingdom. Looking at the fresh complexions of himself and his family it was evident that the little island, with all its disadvantages, is a healthy settlement. There is no hot weather to blanch the cheek there; for instead of the hot winds of Karwar we enjoyed a delightfully cool sea breeze, and that, with the glowing panorama of distant islands and rugged peaks which his Excellency compared with a bit of Highland Loch scenery made us loath to return to the Clive.

Yesterday morning at sunrise the Clive entered Marmagao harbour, and a very cordial reception his Excellency was accorded by the Portuguese authorities. Mr. Norman Oliver, British Consul at Goa, first came on board and greeted the Governor, and then Colonel Lupico, and Senhor Aragao, A.-D.C. to his Excellency the Governor-General came on board the Clive, and welcomed H. E. Lord Harris to Goa. After an early breakfast preparations were made to set off for New Goa, and this trip was made in the Governor-General's State barge. A quaint antique looking vessel it was, which appeared as if it had been lifted out of a seventeenth century picture. At the stern was the deck-house or saloon painted pale blue, decorated with gilt, and in front sat twenty oarsmen, themselves objects of much interest. The design of their dress, it would appear, has not been altered for two hundred years, consisting as it does of white trousers, a loose fitting scarlet blouse with light blue braiding, and a scarlet hat with silver ornamental work in front. The voyage to Panjim in the State barge needs little description. The sea was not as calm as a mill-pond, and the smooth water of the river was reached just in time to save trouble.

At Panjim his Excellency was received by H. E. the Governor-General of Goa who accorded Lord Harris a most cordial welcome. The Portuguese Governor-General had intended receiving his Excellency with the highest honours; but it being Sunday, his Excellency expressed a desire that his visit to Goa might be considered a private one. Accordingly at the last moment the firing of the salute and the guard-of-honour were dispensed with. Greetings having been exchanged H. E. the Governor and staff were driven to Government House, where the Governor-General's band, as Lord Harris alighted from the carriage, played the National Anthem. Having rested there a short time, the sight-seeing began. Entering the barge again, in company with the Governor-General, who wished himself to show his visitors the objects of interest, we were rowed up the river to Old Goa, where we were taken round a number of the churches and cathedrals, the interiors of which were much admired. It was not wholly agreeable, however, moving from building to building, the heat being almost unbearable, and interesting as were the sights we saw, all were very glad on reaching Government House again to sit down to a refreshing luncheon provided by the Governor-General. A cordial exchange of compliments took place at the close, the Governor-General proposing the healths of her Majesty the Queen-Empress and the Governor of Bombay, and Lord Harris proposing the health of H. E. the Governor-General of Goa, which toasts were enthusiastically pledged. Luncheon over we drove in carriages to the Governor-General's marine palace, which stands, like the Government House at Malabar Point, upon a hill overlooking the sea. Thence we drove to the bungalow of Mr. Oliver, the British Consul General, where afternoon tea was prepared, and then in Mr. Oliver's yacht, we sailed across the bay to Marmagao, his Excellency the Governor-General of Goa and his staff remaining on board the Clive to dinner.

This morning the Governor and staff were astir early again, for they had to leave shortly after seven o'clock by train for Supa, where they are to spend a week in shooting. Including his Excellency himself, there were none who did not feel sorry to bid adieu to Commander Falle and the Clive, on board of which they had had such a pleasant week's cruise. Captain Falle could not have done more than he did for the comfort of his passengers, and with the best of weather, not a dull hour during the whole of the voyage was spent. The evenings in particular passed off most agreeably. Every evening the Clive lay at some port, and with the exception of last Wednesday, when his Excellency and staff dined with Mr. Todd, Collector, at Ratnagiri, the Governor had dinner parties on boardship.

A CORRESPONDENT at Grasse writing on the 17th ulto. says: Grasse and the country around, as well as Cannes, have during the last twenty-four hours been visited by a deluge of almost tropical rain, accompanied by a succession of lightning and thunder-claps which have almost shaken the houses to their foundation. Such thunder-storms have never been experienced here before at this season, but rain was urgently needed. If it be followed by sunshine, it will make the country around Grasse beautiful by the time the Queen arrives. Preparations for her visit are nearly complete. The roads leading up from the station to the Grand Hotel have been put into excellent order, while the hotel itself is cleared of ordinary visitors, and the rooms are being re-arranged for her Majesty and her suite. The Queen herself will occupy the first floor, her living rooms facing south and commanding a splendid view of the Cannes coast and the intermediate country. The Queen's bedroom, however, is being fitted to the north. The Prince and Princess Henry will occupy rooms on the floor above. The hotel is not furnished with any effort after magnificence, but it is extremely comfortable and has the most perfect sanitary arrangements, and its situation above the town makes it a most desirable residence.

FATAL STABBING AFFRAY AT DHOBIE TALAO.

ABOUT three o'clock yesterday afternoon an altercation ensued between a Goanese cook, named Augustine Dennis, and two other men of the same race in a club house, at Dhobie Talao, which resulted in the death of a man named Furad. It is alleged that Dennis and another man were under the influence of liquor, and quarrelling over an old coat which they wanted to sell for one rupee, and came to blows. A third party named Alice Caithan Furad, a young man of about thirty, boarding in the same club, for some unaccountable reason, interfered and dealt Augustine Dennis a serious blow on the nose which drew blood. Resenting this unexpected assault Augustine seized a large knife, which happened to be lying on a box within reach. Striking with it at Furad he inflicted a slight wound on his thigh and then with another thrust buried the blade in the unfortunate man's chest over the heart. The injured man immediately dropped to the ground and Dennis ran to the Dhobie Talao Police Station and gave himself up. Inspector Saunders immediately hastened to the scene and had the injured man removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where Dr. Easdon dressed the wounds. Fearing the unfortunate man would not long survive his wounds, Mr. C. P. Cooper was summoned to his bedside to take his dying deposition. Alice Caithan Furad, who was in intense agony, made the following statements :—I am a cook. I live in Bheema's Chawl at Sonapore, and I know the accused; he belongs to my club. At about one o'clock this afternoon I signed articles at the P. and O. Office, Mazagon, and afterwards returned by tram to my club. I ordered the cook to get my food and half a bottle of liquor. Before I returned from Mazagon I had taken a pint of country liquor. The cook brought my food and half a bottle of country liquor. After the food and liquor were served I commenced to take my food; and was talking with a man named Baezoo. There were three or four others in the club at the time.

At this juncture he became speechless and breathed heavily, the air escaping through the wound in his chest which was two inches long. He did not speak again, and succumbed shortly after.

The assault was witnessed by several people in the club, where the prisoner's assault created a panic. Augustine Dennis will be charged before the Magistrate to-day.

ANOTHER EVENING PARTY TO SIR ANDREW SCOBLE.

ON Monday another evening party to Sir Andrew Scoble, the retiring Legal Member of the Viceroy's Council, was given by Mr. and the Misses Kabrajee at "Bella Vista," Pedder Road, the residence of Mr. K. M. Heeramanek. The bungalow, which is pleasantly situated on the brow of a hill overlooking the Breach Candy Road, with its long and winding carriage-drive, and the garden-grounds, facing it on the west, were magnificently decorated and illuminated for the occasion. The guests began to arrive from 9 p.m., and were welcomed by Mr. and the Misses Kabrajee and Mr. K. M. Heeramanek. The attendance was very large and fashionable, almost all the Judges of the High Court, the Lord Bishop, and others being present. Among others were Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Bayley, Mr. Justice Farran, Mr. Justice Scott who returned to Bombay from Egypt by the last mail steamer, Mr. Justice Birdwood, Mr. Justice Candy, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, Sir Henry Morland, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., the Hon'ble Mr. L. R. W. Forrest, the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhoy Visram, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, the Hon. G. W. Vidal, Colonel Wilson, Captain Crewe, Messrs. G. A Barnett, A. F. Beaufort, Grattan Geary, H. A. Acworth, H. M. Phipson, F. G. Dumayne, Alfred King, H. W. Barrow, H. W. Uloth, D. E. Gostling, Dr. J. Mac Donald, Dr. (Mrs.) Pechey-Phipson, Dr. Sidney Smith, Messrs. W. R. Hamilton, C. W. Richardson, J. W. Smith, J. Leask, E. B. Carroll, Frank Chalk, H. Rowbotham, C. P. Cooper, W. H. Holland, G. C. Plinston, E. J. Smith, Marshall Reid, G. Miles, Dr. Da Gama, Messrs. J. F. Fernandes, J. P. Phythian, C. Carstensen, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Damodhar Thackersey Mooljee, Carimbhoy Ebrahim, Vandravandas Purshotumdas, Jehangir Cowasjee Jehangir, Hussumbhoy Visram, J. J. Guzdar, N. G. Chandawarkar, Y. M. Kelkar, Lukhmidas Khemjee, Jamsetjee Ardasir Dalal, Hurkissondas Nurrotumdas, Dhurumsey Morarjee Goculdas, Sorabjee Pallonjee Frenchman, Syed Ali Belgrami, Khan Bahdoor M. C. Marzban, Khan Bahadur C. J. Lalcaca, Khan Bhadur Byramjee Dadabhoy, Rai Bahadur Luchman Singh, Khan Bahadur Nowroji Pestonjee Vakil, Messrs. Badroodin Tyebjee, Amerudin Tyebjee, A. M. Dhurumsey, Jehangir Dosabhoy Framji, L. N. Banajee, Furdoonjee M. Banajee, Rustomjee M. Heeramanek, Merwanjee F. Murzban, Pestonjee B. Dantra, Hormusjee D. Wadia, M. N. Wadia, Manockjee Burjorjee Menochor, Premchund Roychund, Jehangir K. Cama, Rustom K. Cama, D. R. Chichgar, Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter, Shivajee Dhurmajee, R. M. Patel, Bomonjee Byramjee Patel, Pallonjee S. Desai, Muncherjee N. Heeramanek, Ruttonsha Dadabhoy, Sorabjee Shapurjee, P. M. Jeejeebhoy, Nowrojee P. Cama, D. D. Ghandy, Dady Limji Batliboy, D. M. Jeejeebhoy, Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, Dr. Temuljee B. Nariman, Dr. R. P. Bharocha, Dr. Cawasjee Pestonjee, Dr. Bhalchundra Krishna, Dr. Ranchordas Parmanandas, Dr. F. D. Divecha, Dr. M. R. Setna, Dr. B. S. Shroff, &c.

About a quarter-past 9 p.m. Sir Andrew Scoble, accompanied by Mr. C. E. Fox, arrived at "Bella Vista," and being cordially welcomed, was escorted to the reception-hall, where several of those present were introduced to him. At intervals vocal and instrumental music was given by the Misses Kabraji, Lady Morland, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Ulloth, Mrs. Squire, Mrs. Jehangir Cowasjee Jenhangir, and Mr. Marshall Reid. After an adjournment to the refreshment buffets, the company dispersed at a late hour, Sir Andrew Scoble being presented with flowers and cheered as he left the premises.

DEPARTURE FROM BOMBAY.

Yesterday at 4-15 p.m., Sir Andrew Scoble, accompanied by Captain Hext, and Mr. C. E. Fox, drove up to the Apollo Bunder, where he was met by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., the Hon. Javerilal U. Yajnik, Colonel Wilson, Messrs. K. N. Kabrajee, Anandraw N. Wasudeo, Ballajee Pandurang, Ruttonjee T. Parakh, Meer Sarfaraz Ali, Premchund Roychund, Ruttonjee Bomonjee Dubash, Shivajee Dhurmajee, Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter, Madhavdas Raghunathdas, Ardasir Framjee Moos, Khan Bahadur Meer Abdul Ali, &c. Mr. Madhavdas placed a garland of flowers round Sir Andrew's neck, and he then left in a Government steam launch for the mail boat, where he was met by the Lord Bishop of Bombay, Mr. J. W. Orr, and other friends.

THE PRICES OF INDIAN COTTON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—There is only one part of your article to-day, to which exception can be taken; viz., that referring to Bengals. Whatever the Chairman of the Cawnpore Chamber, whom you quote, may say, it ist he fact that Bengals have been far more readily saleable in Europe this season than short, stapled Surats, and the fall in their price, is, I think, not much more than the enormous American crop warrants. It is different with Oomras, Akola, Shegaum, Khangaum, and Nugger, which, as you show, have become depreciated far and away beyond the relative fall which lower prices of Americans naturally bring about—in short by the invasion of Bilati.—Yours, &c.,

MERCHANT.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the leader in your to-day's issue on the prices of Indian cotton, allow me to give you my experience on this subject :—

	1st April 1890.	To-day.	Diffe.
Fully Good Bilati	197	155	42
" Bengal	181	151	30
" Barsee	230	190	40
Good Julgaum	193	157	41
Fine Broach	255	204	51
Fine Bhownugger	230	188	42

So far from Bengals losing their place in the European markets, they are about the only Indian cotton, according to my experience, which can always be sold at a price.—Yours, &c.,

E. SCHOEN.

NEWS comes from Caltinisetta, Sicily, that during the first week in March there were felt in that province several shocks of earthquake, and that a great landslip in the town of Calascibetta which had damaged fifty houses seems to be one of the results of the shocks. A technical commission of investigation has been sent to Calascibetta.

THE FORFEITURE OF A GUZERAT VILLAGE.

MR. JUSTICE BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice Parsons recently delivered judgement in two cross-appeals—the Secretary of State *vs.* Desai Samaldas Becharlal, and Desai Samaldas Becharlal *vs.* the Secretary of State—the appeals being from a decision by Mr. Astor, District Judge of Ahmedabad, in 1886. Mr. Shantaram Narayen and Mr. Wassudeo Jugonath Kirtikar were for the plaintiff and Mr. Ganesham Nilkant for the defendant.

The plaintiff sues, as Talukdar of the village of Kathini Aniali, to recover possession of the village, with mesne profits and interest thereon from the 6th January 1881, when its forfeiture was ordered by the Bombay Government under Section 153 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879. He also seeks to recover Rs. 1,451, or such sum as may be due by the defendant, with interest thereon, on account of compensation said to have been paid in 1884 by the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway Company to the Government in respect of village lands acquired by the Company.

The defendant replies that the forfeiture of the village was ordered according to law for an arrear of land revenue due for the year 1880-81; that, in order to levy the assessment due by the plaintiff, all his other property had been attached and sold; and that there was no surplus or balance in the hands of the Collector.

The District Judge has found that the claim for the recovery of the village is barred by time: that the provisions of Sections 56 and 153 of the Land Revenue Code are applicable to Talukdari estates in Guzerat; that the plaintiff's village became liable to forfeiture for arrears of land revenue due by him; that the defendant had received Rs. 1,075-5-8 as compensation for village lands acquired by the Railway Company before the village was forfeited to Government; and he has awarded the plaintiff this sum, with costs in proportion, and dismissed the rest of the claim. He has further directed each party to bear his own costs, except as otherwise ordered, in respect of so much of the claim as he has awarded.

Against this decision, both parties appeal;—the defendant,—in Appeal No. 91,—on the grounds, principally, that the claim to recover compensation is barred by time; that there is no proof that any money was paid by the Railway Company to the Government; and that no notice of this claim was given under Section 424 of the Code of Civil Procedure; and the plaintiff,—in Appeal No. 92,—on the grounds, principally, that the claim for the recovery of the village is within time that the provisions of Sections 56, 150 and 153 of the Land Revenue Code are not applicable to Talukdari villages; that no arrears of land revenue were due by the plaintiff on the date of the forfeiture; and that the forfeiture was illegal.

At the hearing, it was argued, on behalf of the defendant, that the Civil Court has no jurisdiction to here the claim for the recovery of the village as it is one arising out of a proceeding for the realization of land revenue, and is, therefore, barred by Clause (c) of Section 4 of the Bombay Revenue Jurisdiction Act, 1876.

This contention at once raises the question, which was much discussed at the hearing, whether the proceedings taken by the Government, which terminated in the order of forfeiture contained in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 116 of the 6th January, 1881, were proceedings for the realization of land revenue within the meaning of the Revenue Jurisdiction Act. In dealing with this question, it will be necessary to refer to the state of the accounts of the management of the village for the years 1878-79 and 1879-80. The revenue year begins on the 1st August, and the revenue for each year is payable in three instalments, due respectively on the 10th March, 10th April and 10th May. At the close of the year 1878-79, that is, on the 31st July 1879, the plaintiff was a defaulter in respect of the three instalments of revenue due for that year. On the 19th January, 1880, an attachment of the village was ordered (see Exhibit 104); but this attachment was attended, apparently, as a precautionary measure for the recovery of the dues that would be payable in March, April and May, 1880, for the year 1879-80, not for the arrears due for 1878-79, which were satisfied from the sale proceeds of certain property belonging to the plaintiff in the village of Ranpur. The following sums were realised in this way :—

| | Rs. | a.

from the plaintiff. On the contrary, there ought then to have been really a balance to his credit with the Collector, amounting to Rs. 57-9-6. The punitive post was established in the plaintiff's village under the authority given to the Government by Section 16 of Bombay Act VII of 1867, which empowers the Government to direct the employment of any police force in excess of the ordinaary fixed complement quartered in any part of the Presideucy which shall be found in a disturbed or dangerous state, or in any part thereof in which, from the conduct of the inhabitants, the Government may deem it expedient to increase the number of police. It was "in consequence of the conduct of the inhabitants" that the Government ordered an additional police force to be quartered in Kathini Aniali (see the Notification of the 5th September 1879, *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1879, Part I, page 784). Under Section 17 of Bombay Act VII of 1867, all moneys payable under Section 16, on account of any additional police employed as therein directed, are recoverable, after a written notice of seven days, in the same manner and by the same process as a revenue demand, under the laws in force for the collection of revenue. A demand for such moneys is not, however, constituted a revenue demand by Section 17. Such a demand might, perhaps, fall within the definition of "Land Revenue" contained in Section 3 of Act X of 1876, which includes "any cess or rate authorized by Government under the provisions of any law for the time being in force," for under Section 16 of Bombay Act VII of 1867, the cost of an additional police force employed under that section may wholly or in part, at the discretion of Government, "be defrayed by a local rate charged on the part of the country described in the notification." But even if such a local rate be held to be "land, revenue within the meaning of Act X of 1876, still, under Section 16 of Bombay Act X of 1876, the amount of the local rate chargeable on Kathini Aniali could have been levied by the Collector only "by such an assessment on the inhabitants thereof" as the Collector should in his discretion think just. The section gives no authority to the Collector to assess the rate only on the plaintiff, who, it is said, is not even an inhabitant of the village. There is nothing to show that the Collector has ever attempted to levy any rate from the inhabitants of the village according to law. It follows that the the sum of Rs. 498 debited to the plaintiff in the account between him and the Government up to the 1st July 1890, could not legally be demanded from him. If that sum had been excluded from the account, there would have been no balance appearing due by him, as has been already shown. It is clear, therefore, that it was really for the recovery of arrears due in respect of the cost of the punitive post and not on account of any arrears of land revenue in the ordinary acceptation of the term that the plaintiff's village was attached on the 1st July 1880. But though a demand on account of the cost of a punitive post might fall within the definition of land revenue, contained in Act X of 1876, that would be so only in reference to the persons from whom such a demand is legally claimable. For it is only a cess or rate which the Government authorizes "under the provisions of any law" which falls within the definition. There is no law which authorizes the demand made on plaintiff. As claimed from him, therefore, the demand did not satisfy the terms of the definition; and his present claim, which arises really out of the proceedings of June and July 1880, is not such a claim as is barred by Clause (c) of Section 4 of Act X of 1876.

If the account between the plaintiff and the defendant be taken down to the time of the forfeiture, that is, say to the end of 1880, it, no doubt, shows a balance of Rs. 50-14-6 against the plaintiff, even if the charges for the police post be excluded; but that is only by debiting the plaintiff with Rs. 8 a month on account of the salary of the *Mukhi* or Police Patel, and it is by no means clear that any demand on this account would be recoverable as land revenue. Moreover, from the 1st July 1880, and even from a time anterior to that date the plaintiff ceased to be responsible for the management of the village. The account, as it stood at the date of the order of attachment under Section 159 of the Land Revenue Code, which legally placed in abeyance the plaintiff's right to collect his rents, must, therefore, be alone taken into consideration in dealing with the question which has arisen with reference to the provisions of Act X of 1876.

That account, as rectified by the exclusion from it of all charges in respect of the police post, shows not only that the Civil Court can entertain the plaintiff's suit for the recovery of his village, but also that there was on the 1st July 1880, no legal ground for the attachment of the plaintiff's village. He does not, however, sue to set aside that attachment. Nor has any ground arisen for a suit. If that attachment is still legally subsisting, no suit for setting it aside would be permissible until the plaintiff had first exhausted his remedies under the Land Revenue Code, by paying within the period allowed by Section 163 of the Code, the arrear of the land revenue due by him. In the event of our holding that the provisions of the Land Revenue Code are applicable to his village the plaintiff is not unwilling to accept the position imposed upon him by the attachment of the 1st July 1880; for if that attachment is held to be still subsisting, he still retains his proprietary interest in the village, and the period of 12 years within which he can apply for its restoration under Section 163 of the Code has not yet expired.

We are of opinion that the Code is applicable to the village; that the attachment under Section 159 of the Code still subsists; and that, so long as it subsists, an order of forfeiture under Section 153 is illegal.

The Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, extends, under the express provission contained in Section 1, to the whole of the Presidency of Bombay except the scheduled districts, as defined by Act XIV of 1874, and the City of Bombay. It is quite clear that the village of Kathini Aniali does not fall within either of these exceptions.

It belongs to a class of villages held on a tenure similar to that described in Section 8 of the old Regulation XVII of 1827 (which is repealed by the Land Revenue Code of 1879); and as a full assessment under the Code is not levied on these villages, they fall within the description of "alienated holdings consisting of entire villages," for the attachment of which under Sections 159 to 163 for an arrear of land revenue special provision is made in Clause (f) of Section 159 of the Code.

From the specification of this particular process for the recovery of an arrear in the case of such holdings, if it stood alone in the Code, the proper inference might be that this was intended to be the only process permissible in the case of such holdings. A reference, however, to Section 159 shows that other processes, including a forfeiture of the holding under Section 153, are not illegal, if not deemed to be inexpedient. For that Section provides that if the holding, in respect of which an arrear is due, consists of an entire village, or of a share of a village, and the adoption of any of the other processes before specified is deemed inexpedient, the Collector may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, cause such village or share of a village to be attached and taken under the management of himself or any agent he appoints for the purpose. Now it is quite clear that, in June 1880, the Collector did not think it expedient to adopt any of the processes specified in Clauses (*a*) to (*e*) of Section 150 of the Code for the recovery of charges supposed to be due by the plaintiff. The Collector expressly applied for the attachment of the village under Section 159; and the Commissioner sanctioned the attachment.

We have been asked by the learned pleader for the defendant to order further enquiry with reference to this attachment. It is contended that it was never enforced and that it was ineffectual and was replaced by the order of forfeiture contained in Government Resolution No. 116 of the 6th January 1881. We do not think it necessary to order any further enquiry in the case; for we have no doubt on the evidence on the record that the attachment, not having been legally set aside, is still in force. On the 12th July 1880, a copy of the Commissioner's order of the 1st July was sent to the Talukdari Settlement Officer, evidently for his guidance (see Exhibit No. 86). On the 15th July, the Settlement Officer informed the Mamlatdar that the continuance of the attachment under Section 159 had been sanctioned. "The attachment should, therefore, be continued." On the 24th July the Mamlatdar wrote the following letter to the Settlement Officer:—

"A *Talati* has been appointed for this village from the past year. He has received no salary whatever. You will, therefore, be pleased to arrange with the Government that (after debiting the same) to the expenditure account, the Talati may be paid the arrears of his salary as well as the salary that may accrue due to him hereafter at the rate of Rs. 10 per month and the havaldar may be paid at the rate of Rs. 4 per month."

To be continued.

THERE are 3,985 paper mills in the world, and of the 1,200,000 lbs of paper turned out annually, half is used for printing, 600,000,000 lbs. being required for newspapers alone, the consumption of which has risen by 200,000,000 lbs in the last decade. He alleges that on an average an Englishman uses annually 11½lbs of paper, an American 10lbs., a German 8lbs., a Frenchman 7½lbs., an Italian or an Austrian 3½lbs., a Spaniard 1½lbs., a Russian 1½lbs, and a Mexican 2lbs.

NOTES FROM AJMERE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AJMERE, APRIL 2.

LAST evening a very interesting ceremony was performed by Colonel Bisset, R.E., C.I.E., who in the presence of a large assembly of our residents presided at the distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway School at this station. This is a flourishing institution, most favourably located in a commodious and suitable building, sixty feet higher than the rest of Ajmere, on one of the spurs of Taraghur. For many years, the school has been the special care of Mr. J. W. Fordham as its honorary secretary and auditor of the R.-M. Railway. A handsomely-decorated hall—the assembly-room of the school—received the visitors, and a legend in gilt letters on a broad blue ribbon, surmounting the decorations of the stage, told its readers in the language of the scholars that "We learn not only for our school-days, but for our after-life." Shortly after 5 p.m., on the arrival of Colonel Bisset, whom the children heartily greeted the programme commence. After the school had sung an appropriate hymn, the honorary secretary delivered his report for 1890. Mr. Fordham expressed in suitable words the pleasure it afforded him to see the school hall crowded as it was by the friends of the school, and considered it a sign of continued popularity. Some figures were next discussed, which gave the number of scholars at present on the rolls as 96; and on behalf of the school committee the honorary secretary proceeded to congratulate the parents on the increased efficiency of the scholars, as certified to by the report of the Inspector of Schools—a circumstance solely attributable to the improved regularity of attendance in 1890. Acknowledging the successful results of the labours of the head-master and mistress, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, and their assistant teachers, the Inspector's report was next read *in extenso*. This was a critical and lengthy document, which summed up by saying that "the school was doing good and useful work, and the measure of improvement effected proved good management and sound methods." The stage was then occupied by six young girls who very prettily sang "The Cuckoo" to the accompaniment of the school harmonium, at which their head-mistress presided all the evening. Master George Westropp next recited "The Breton Sailor, Herve Riel" in a very creditable manner. This was followed by another song by a troupe of six boys, entitled "Let the Lusty Shout" a patriotic ditty, right lustily rendered. Then came the gem of the programme a play "Mind Your Own Business." Then six younger boys showed us some military drill to the accompaniment of their own singing, in a manner which bids fair to make very efficient volunteers of them in time. Following this, some sixteen girls, mounting the stage, proceeded to chatter among themselves as to what they would like to be hereafter. All openings in female life were discussed, and the inducements of the pleasures of the shop, the farm-yard, the sick-room, the school-room, the kitchen, were expatiated upon, and selected for personal adoption. To this succeeded a crowd of selected boys and girls from the Infant Department, who treated the audience to nursery rhymes, and sang very nicely indeed, changing from one tune to its successor only by help of a key-note from the instrument. Now the programme was exhausted, and the chairman commenced his presidential address. Humorously making use of the play enacted by the children, Colonel Bisset proceeded to thank all concerned for the success achieved in the school, not forgetting the parents, who had contributed towards it by sending their children more regularly than before. He praised the memory of the boys and girls who had taken parts, characterized the programme as lengthy and evincing much labour and preparation, but suggested that for the next occasion greater attention should be paid to purity of pronunciation and loudness of tone. Then the prizes were distributed by Mrs. Biddulph, who very kindly undertook that duty at the request of the honorary secretary, and had some pleasant words and smiles for all the successful scholars. The National Anthem brought the proceedings in this part of the school-house to an end. On the invitation of Mr. Fordham, the boys and girls trooped off to the covered play-shed, where cakes and tea, flanked by fruits and flowers, awaited them. Many of the audience assisted the disposal of these, and when the hungry and thirsty youngsters were satisfied, the twilight, always long with us, had ended, and all dispersed. The remainder of the week was granted as a holiday to the pupils, who must have worked hard to do what they did so well. In the course of the speeches it was announced that the school had been self-supporting for some time, a statement which must have taken many by surprise, for it was currently believed that it procured its sinews from the Railway Fine Fund. Very creditable has its management been to all concerned. Long may it flourish and may it year by year grow more and more independent.

ARRIVAL OF H. M'S TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES.

HER MAJESTY'S TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES, Captain J. R. E. Pattison, arrived in harbour yesterday from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 11th March and called at Malta on the 19th, Port Said on the 24th, and Suez on the 26th March. She brought 70 officers, 15 ladies, 5 officers' children, 1,018 Europeans, rank and file, 38 women, and 40 children. During the voyage on the 13th and 14th March the Euphrates experienced strong northwind and rough sea; passed Gibraltar on the 15th; and arrived at Malta on the 19th March. On the 20th she passed H. M.'s Troopship Serapis homeward bound. H. M.'s Melita and Italian Gunboat Palinuro were at Port Said. She passed Perim on the 31st March and H. M.'s Troopship Malabar on the 2nd April homeward bound. From 29th to 31st March the Euphrates experienced strong head wind, with heavy sea in southern part of Red Sea. The following are the names of the officers:—

Col D V Shortland, Rl Art
Surgn-Maj J S M Cutchan, Med Staff
Maj and Mrs R H S Baker, Royal Art
Maj and Mrs G S Bainster and child, 2nd S W Bordr
Maj E Spencer, 2nd Highland L I
Maj E F Becher, Royal Art
Maj H R Kelham, 2nd Highland L I
Surg-Maj R F Beamish, Med Staff
Maj A R Hennell, 1st Hants
Surg R P Hesherington, Med Staff
Surgn and Mrs N M Reid, Med Staff
Capt and Mrs C M Hutton, 2nd Oxford L I
Capt A W Ranken, 2nd Scot Rifles
Capt & Mrs H Gore-Browne, 1st King R R Corps
Surgn and Mrs A A Sutton and child, Med Staff
Capt and Mrs R P Grove, 1st Cheshire
Capt C D Wallington, 2nd Lanc Fusl
Capt H R Lloyd, 2nd Som L I
Capt S C N Smith, Rl Art
Capt and Mrs C P Fendall and child, Rl Art
Capt A B Dunsterville, 1st East Surrey
Capt C M Brunker, 2nd Lanc Fus
Capt D A B Preston, Rl Art
Vety-Sur F J Short, A V Dept
Surg and Mrs H E Winter Med Staff
Capt H Mercer, 3rd Dra Gds
Capt and Mrs A G Balfour, 2nd Highland L I
Capt and Mrs H S Jendwine, Rl Art
Lieut A B C William, Indian Staff Corps
Lieut B C Holt, 2nd York L I
Lieut H B Welman, 2nd Wiltshire
Lieut and Mrs W C Oates, 2nd R Munster Fus
Lieut A S Vanrenen, 2nd Lincoln
Lieut A E Hubbard, 2nd Lincoln
Lieut C K Greene, 1st East Lanc
Lieut N C Taylor, Ind Staff Corps
Lieut D C Bogor, 1st Cheshire
Lieut T O Marden, 1st Cheshire
Hon Lieut and Mrs H Foster and two children, Ms Ord Dept
Lieut A S R Annesley Ind Staff Corps
Lieut A P H Desborough, Rl Art
Lieut and Mrs C Holdane, 1st West Yorks
2nd Lt J W Potavel, Rl Eng
2nd Lt C R Johnson, 2nd Rl Warwick
2nd Lt A W N Raven, 2nd South Stafford
2nd Lt T C Browning, 2nd R Munster Fus
2nd Lt G D M Moore, 2nd Lanc Fus
2nd Lt D G Bryce, 2nd Lanc Fus
2nd Lieut L Edwards, 2nd Lincoln
2nd Lieut C P Wynter, 1st Suffolk
2nd Lieut P L Grove, 1st Cheshire
2nd Lieut C M Moores, 2nd R Munster Fus
2nd Lieut C A E O'Meara, 1st East Lanc
2nd Lieut G H Neale, 2nd West Surrey
2nd Lieut N Burrows, 1st North Lanc
2nd Lieut G S St Aubyn, 1st K R R Corps
2nd Lieut W H L Allgood, 4th King's R R Corps
2nd Lieut A P Barry, 2nd Somerset L I
2nd Lieut A H Butler, 1st Cheshire
2nd Lieut C G Campbell, 2nd Scottish Rifles
2nd Lieut R M S Gardner, 2nd Glostr
2nd Lieut W Barnett, 1st King's R R Corps
2nd Lieut Lord R Manners, 1st King's R R Corps
2nd Lieut R H Beaumont 4th K R R Corps
2nd Lieut M C Breton Simmons, Rifle Brigade
2nd Lieut E W Jones, 2nd S Wales Bord
2nd Lieut F Owen Lewis, 2nd Durham L I
Revd A J Wallace, Chaplain Dept
Mr Thomas Nottidge, Capt's guest.

FROM MALTA—Lieut E P Carter, R A.

M. CARNOT, the French President, has given a fresh example of his high ideal of dignity. The chairman of sectional juries at the universal exhibition which he so actively and conscientiously patronised, collected a sum of £3,000 wherewith to buy a handsome work of art, or perhaps an object of jewellery for Madame Carnot. On learning of the existence of this fund M. Carnot sent word to the persons who got it up that he could accept no valuable present for discharging an obvious duty, which was to him for months a source of almost daily pleasure. At the utmost he could only accept an album. The jurors, however, contrived to make M. Carnot a beautiful and most valuable present, in the form of an album containing their signatures and those of the prize-winning exhibitions. Its binding, is a work of art of extraordinary beauty, and above the illuminated address to the President there is a vignette by Meissonier—his last work—in which he perhaps surpassed himself.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company's s. s. Nevassa, which arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Calcutta and Coast ports, brought 848 Arab-divers and five boys from Tuticorin. They proceed on their voyage in the same Company's steamer Satara, which sails to-day for the Persian Gulf, *via* Karachi.

HER MAJESTY'S Indian Marine Steamer Clive, Captain P. J. Falle, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Marmugoa, which port she left on the 6th instant. The Clive had left Bombay on the 31st ultimo, with his Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Staff for Alibag, Rutnagiri, Karwar, and Mormugoa, at which latter port H. E. the Governor and staff disembarked in order to proceed to Supa.

THE *Indian Financial Review*, approving of the determination of Government not to raise a rupee loan this year, is certain that money will be abundant throughout the year. Such being the case, it proceeds, and the prices of Government Securities having advanced to over 105, there comes up for consideration the question of a reduction of interest on the whole rupee debt of India, but it is rather too early yet for the operation to be carried out successfully, and we would be disposed to recommend the Government, therefore, to wait another year, and if there is Rs. 20 loan announced in the next Financial Statement, and matters otherwise are favourable, we think the operation may then be soon safely entered upon. It might perhaps be advisable to delay doing anything in the matter until 1893, when the 4½ per cent. loan matures, when the whole question will be ripe for settlement.

THE Czarewitch did not visit Shanghai at all. Mr. Carl Bock, the Acting Consul for Russia in Shanghai, received the following telegram from Admiral de Nazimoff, from Batavia:—"Owing to short time his Imperial Highness will pass from Saddle Islands straight to Hankow without touching Shanghai." Considerable preparations had been made by the Chinese to receive H. I. H. and disappointment was felt at the decision.

THE *Nagasaki Express* tells the following story: Mr. Kurata Tsujimura, Judge of the Fukuye Court, Goto, was arrested and brought to Nagasaki a few day ago, under very peculiar circumstances, which according to our contemporary the *Chinzei Nippo* are, briefly, as follows:—Isao Watanabe, eldest son of a Shimabara *shizoku*, was a clerk in the Mitsui Bussan Kaishi at this port some ten or twelve years ago, and he embezzled about $400 from his employers, for which he was tried, convicted, and sentenced to penal servitude for life. Being sent to work in the Miike coal mines, as a convict, he shortly afterwards, in 1881, made his escape to Oita, where he assumed the name of Tsujimura and commenced to study law. In 1883 he was appointed Secretary of the Oita Court, and subsequently passing the required examination he was appointed Judge of the Fukuye Court in 1887, a position he continued to hold until he was arrested a few days ago.

IT is not often that a sum of 2,000*l.* lies in the public street for above a month without being found or claimed by some one. This happened at Cronstadt the other day. A person found a pocket-book containing fifteen thousand roubles' worth of securities payable to bearer, and he was honest enough to inform the police. But there was no claimant. Ultimately it turned out that the pocket-book belonged to an officer who had fallen down dead in the street five weeks before, and close to the spot where the money was found. Even making allowance for the snow on the ground, the inhabitants of Cronstadt do not seem possesssed of particularly sharp eyesight.

ON Sunday, March 15th, the German Reichstag had the now rare fortune of seeing the Nestor of the army, Count von Moltke, on the tribune. Count von Moltke spoke in favour of the introduction of a standard time on the German railways in place of the confusing method of having a Berlin time, a Munich time, a Cologne time, and so on as at present. The Field-Marshal pointed out the advantages of his proposal for strategical and other military purposes. He spoke freely without using any notes, and his speech was full of witty remarks, showing the admirable freshness of his mind.

THE centre of population in the United States is now in Southern Indiana between the 85th and 86th degree of longitude. Ten years ago it was eight miles west of Cincinnati. The westward movement in ten years has been 48 miles. In the last 100 years it has moved steadily westward a total distance of 505 miles. It is now seventeen degrees east from the centre of the area of the United States, which on a calculation excluding Alaska is in Northern Kansas. It is remarkable that this westward movement of the centre of population has clung very close to the parallel of 39 deg. of latitude. The centre of population has never varied more than 19 minutes in latitude; and at present it is in latitude 39·11·9 as compared with latitude 39.16.5 in 1790. These interesting details are published on the authority of the United States Census Office, whence census bulletins are regularly issued embodying the results of careful study of the 1890 census.

THE Vienna correspondent of the *Daily News* says:—Count Eduard Clam Gallas, General of Cavalry, died in Vienna on the afternoon of the 13th ultimo, aged 86. Count Clam Gallas was the most brilliant and popular of Austrian Generals forty years ago, when the nobles were the exclusive occupants of all the high posts in the army. In 1848 he fought under Radetzky in Italy, in 1849 under Windischgratz in Hungary with moderate success. He was one of the finest men of his time, and played a prominent part at Court. In 1866, in Bohemia he commanded the 1st Army Corps on the shores of the Iser, and suffered the first defeat, near Podol, Liebenau, Munchengratz, and Gitschin, so that the Prussians' right wing was free to march into Bohemia. He had to give up his command and was brought before a court-martial, which acquitted him. He was married to one of the four daughters of the last male heir of the Dietrichsteins, among whom the enormous property of that wealthy family was distributed, by the special grace of the Emperor as, according to the laws of the country, male heirs failing, it ought to have accrued to the Crown. One of the other sisters was married to Prince Alfred Hatzfeld-Wildenburg, and the vox populi, after the disastrous war of 1866, asserted that Countess Clam Gallas had betrayed the plans of the campaign to her sister at Berlin.

A REMARKABLE scene was witnessed on the 13th ult., says a St. Petersburg correspondent, at the funeral of Miss Catherine Strutton, who was nurse to the present Czar. The deceased lady, who was eighty-one years of age, and had been forty-six years in the Imperial service died in her apartments in the Winter Palace, whence the funeral procession started. The Emperor, his brothers, the Grand-Dukes Vladimir, Sergius, and Paul walked abreast behind the hearse to the English Church through streets the condition of which may be imagined since the general thaw is melting the snow that has been lying all the winter. The Imperial party attended the funeral service, the Emperor sitting in the Ambassadors' pew. To the Smolenskoi Cemetery in the suburbs the journey was made in carriages. At the grave the English clergymen were assisted by Russian choristers. Yesterday being the anniversary of the late Emperor's assassination a requiem was celebrated in the Fortress Cathedral, whence the Emperor and Empress went to Miss Strutton's funeral.

BY the death of General Issakoff at St. Petersburg a link (writes a correspondent) has been severed with the bright days of liberal counsels prevailing at the beginning of the reign of Alexander II. The General was a great and successful advocate of public enlightenment. After travelling abroad studying the best models of such institutions he established at Moscow the public museum and library. In 1864 he founded the Pedagogic Institute at St. Petersburg, which has managed to be useful in spite of all the obstacles opposing enlightenment at the present time. In the reactionary era that followed he was out of place, but every one spoke of Issakoff with respect, though they might not dare to endorse his liberal views in public.

A BERLIN correspondent writes:—The conversion of the Grand Duchess Sergius of Russia, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse, to the Russian faith, has not surprised St. Petersburg society. It was expected long ago. The Princess had been estranged for years from the Evangelical Church, a fact which is easily understood considering the circumstances. Her husband, as the *Kolnische Zeitung* learns from the Russian capital, is fanatically zealous in his orthodoxy, and has repeatedly been heard to say that he regarded the conversion of his wife as the principal task of his life. Count Steubock, who himself had renounced the Evangelical faith, at the Grand Duke's request, was especially zealous in trying to convince the Grand Duchess of the alleged false doctrines of her Church. On the part of the Russian clergy no exertions were spared. The Grand Duke's Court, moreover, is generally regarded as the centre of the anti-German society of the Russian capital.

LONDON fog as a public benefactor seems at first sight rather a contradiction in terms. To Londoners themselves their smoke canopy is simply an unmitigated evil, and no one can possibly rejoice in its presence. At a distance, however, it seems that the drifted soot may have a use. Mr. Martin J. Sutton writes to the "Agricultural Gazette," from Caversham, in Oxfordshire, to point out its advantages. During the past winter the smoke of the metropolis drifted westwards to an astonishing distance, reaching even so far as Somerset, in such quantity that the snow was perceptibly sullied by the fall of soot. Now soot is a useful manure, so Mr. Sutton set about estimating its value. He collected the snow from one square foot of soil, snow which had received the soot-fall of only a single night, and sent it to be analysed. The resulting report stated that the soot was equivalent to no less than 8lb. per acre. This is, of course, a very small quantity when compared with the amount which falls in London, but whereas the effect is dirt and destruction here it is highly beneficial to the fields. Mr. Sutton's comment is simple. "If one night's fog," says he, "brought and deposited evenly and gratuitously on four farms, a dressing of soot of such appreciable value, the long series of such fogs must have brought to farmers in the neighbourhood of London at least some compensation."

WE are only now beginning to get an adequate notion of how disastrous the late severe weather in England has been to the animal world. It has been estimated that something like five thousand lambs and sheep perished on the Welsh hills alone during the snow storms of yesterday week and the next day—a fact which, looking to the commonness of such visitations, suggests that Welsh farmers' precautions must be wretchedly inadequate. Wild birds have, according to the accounts that have come in on all hands, had a still harder time of it. At the melting of the snow their dead bodies have been found in vast numbers along the hedge rows and on borders of the woods. The game birds also have suffered, and the rooks, finding the hard furrows foodless, have been driven, with the patridges and pheasants, to descend upon the farmyards, there to struggle ignobly for a meal with "tame villatic fowl." Double ill-luck has fallen to the lot of the web-footed family for when the marshes and mud flats are hard then is the fowler's opportunity. It may be taken that this has been a glorious winter for the wild duck shooters in all our creeks and estuaries; not to speak of the many strange birds that have been driven inward to fall by the guns of rough shooters. Not even our fresh water fish have escaped the rigours of the season. Perch appear to be peculiarly subject to the cold, though no fish that swims, in pond or stream, has a tougher coat. They are described as visible through the ice of frozen ponds gasping or lying on their sides dead; and numerous local papers in various parts of the country contain reports of enormous quantities of eels captured by simply making a hole in the ice, to which they immediately flock for air.

JUST now everything connected with the Queen is interesting to the French, and this is the last detail that has been supplied to them:—When the Queen dines at the Palace, whether in public or private, the name of every dish put on the table bears the name of the cook who is responsible for it. This (says the *Pall Mall Gazette*) sounds as if Her Majesty was afraid of being poisoned, but the cause is not fear but usage. The usage dates back to old times, and is of German origin. It obtained quite a century ago at Hesse-Cassel, and may be in force there still. It was a daughter of George II. who was the first to use it, in the very Schloss which is now the summer palace of the Empress Frederick.

NOT less than forty-eight members, pretty equally divided between the Liberal and Conservative benches of the House of Commons have given notice to move the rejection of the Inflammable Liquids Bill. This measure of the Home Secretary has achieved the position of being the most determinedly opposed Bill of any introduced in this Parliament. It beats the Wheel and Van Tax Bill.

ZEAL usually is not more appreciated in Russia than elsewhere; but the Russian papers tell of a case that was rewarded. An under officer, on retiring to his village after five years' service with the colours, employed his leisure in teaching the village boys the drill, in which he was a proficient. He made wooden weapons, and raised a little military band, and his youthful company of soldiers amused themselves with military routine. When the inspecting general came round his district and reached the village in question, the amateur company was presented to him in the same manner as was the section of the regular army. This incident came to the ears of the Czar, who has conferred on the under officer a silver medal with the inscription "For zeal," and also the Order of St. Anne.

THE Egyptian Government appears to be adopting more and more the practice of taking Englishmen into its service. At Port Said an English official, with two English subordinates, has succeeded the late Italian Commandant of Police. As the floating population of this important town is chiefly made up of English, and as British ships in the port far outnumber all others, this is, from the British point of view, eminently satisfactory. Besides this, the administrations of ports and light-houses, coast-guard and customs are now under British direction, and some of the principal subordinate officers of the first office as well as the Director of the Egyptian Government Hospital are all British subjects.

THE *Illustrated London News* gives the following list of Wills proved, with the amount of the personality in each case:—The Will of the Right Hon. John St. Vincent, Lord de Saumarez, £114,000; of Mr. Thomas Richardson, D.L., J.P., M.P. for Hartlepool, £290,000; of Mr. Osmond de Beauvoir Priaulx, late of Candie, Guernsey, and of 8, Cavendish-square, £53,000; of Mr. Gartside Gartside-Tripping, J.P., late of Rossferry House, Belturbet, Fermanagh, Ireland, £48,000; of the Rev. Charles Gore Gambier-Gambier, late of Francroft, Bournemouth, £44,000; of Mr. George Thomas Bennet, late of 11, St. Julian's-road, Kilburn, £43,000.

WHATEVER causes may prevent the realisation of Sir Edward Watkins' Channel Tunnel project, it seems clear, from Professor Boyd Dawkins's statements, that they will not be difficulties of a physical kind. "Very like hard cheese" is this distinguished geologist's description of the grey chalk through which the tunnel would have to be cut. Moreover, we are assured that notwithstanding "faults," there would be no danger of water rushing in and wrecking the works. As to the atmosphere—well, it would, in Professor Dawkins' opinion, be very much purer than that of most drawing rooms.

THANKS mainly to the electric light, the average time of transit through the Suez Canal goes on diminishing steadily from year to year. Last year it was 24 hours 6 minutes; whereas in 1889 it was 25 hours 50 minutes; in 1888, 31 hours 15 minutes; in 1887, 33 hours 58 minutes; and in 1886 not less than 36 hours. In the preceding year the average time for the transit of vessels travelling at night with electric light was 22 hours 30 minutes, or four more than the mean time in 1888, and in 1890 it has reached the short and quick passage of 22 hours 9 minutes. The shortest passage through the Canal by a steamer using electric light was made last year. The time was 14 hours 15 minutes, or as much as 30 minutes faster than the fastest in 1889.

PRESENTATION TO MR. S. JACKSON, C.I.E.

LAST night an interesting ceremony took place at the G. I. P. Railway's Parel Work-shops, when an address was presented to Mr. Samuel Jackson, C.I.E., Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, who has completed his service with the Company, and is about to return to England. Mr. Jackson came to India in 1871 as an Assistant Locomotive Superintendent to the G. I. P., having quitted a similar post on the Great Northern Railway in England. In 1875 he succeeded the late Mr. Charles Hawkins as chief, and up to the present day has held that office in which he has been eminently successful. Having completed his term of office he decided to retire, and the employes of the Loco. Department insisted upon his taking away with him some token of their esteem for his ability and worth. This was only consented to by Mr. Jackson on the gentlemen who had the matter in hand consenting to the arrangement that no employe receiving less than Rs. 40 per month should subscribe, and that no subscription should be more than one rupee. Notwithstanding this limit a large sum was collected, and it was decided that the presentation should take the form of an address, and that it should be enclosed in a silver casket.

The presentation was made in the compound of the Parel Workshops, where a platform had been erected, and seating accommodation made for those witnessing the ceremony. Mr. G. A. Barnett, presided, and there were also present on the platform Messrs. A. King, W. H. Wenden, C. R. Hawkins, E. W. Keily, R. Trevithick, W. H. Middleton, H. Conder, J. Daglish, S. Sarjant, H. J. P. Thompson, H. Gay, W. Hussey, R. W. Campion, T. W. Pierson, and a number of delegates from all over the line. Besides these there were also about six thousand workmen present.

Mr. R. Trevithick said that a general desire was expressed by the employes of the Loco. and Carriage Departments that their Superintendent should be asked to receive some token of their esteem before he left India, and they now asked him to accept the address and casket as a souvenir of the time he had passed amongst them. (Applause.)

The address, beautifully engrossed on parchment by Mr. Fonseca, draftsman in the employ of the Company, together with a massive silver casket which is of Cutch work and rests on an inlaid stand of ebony and ivory, were then handed over to Mr. Jackson.

The text of the address is as follows:—

To Samuel Jackson Esq., C.I.E., M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E.

We, the officers and employes in the Locomotive and Carriage Departments of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, being made aware of your contemplated retirement from the service of the Railway Company, venture to approach you with expressions of our esteem for your character, of our appreciation of your ability, and of our sorrow at your approaching departure. During your connection for nearly a quarter of a century, with the Locomotive and Carriage Departments, you have treated us at all times, with thoughtful and unvarying kindness; and your tact, strict impartiality, and uniform courtesy, when dealing with thousands of your workmen, of various classes and nationalities, have commanded our admiration, and won our affection. We feel that we are losing a real friend who is endeared to us by the numerous acts of a just and sympathetic administration, and we earnestly pray that good health, and continued prosperity, may brighten the years of your retirement, and that Providence may have in reserve for you, a long lease of life and happiness among your relatives and friends. We ask your acceptance of the accompanying small token of our regard, to be a souvenir of us when you are far away. The universal esteem in which you are held is conveyed to you through the delegates we have selected, and who beg to subscribe themselves with feelings of profound gratitude and respect.—Your well-wishers and servants.

Mr. Jackson in reply thanked them all very sincerely for their handsome testimonial with which they had been pleased to show their appreciation of his worth in a position in which his aim had been to do his duty. (Applause.) He might tell them that, being the head of so great a department was not exactly a bed of roses. They had had, undoubtedly, great work to do, and with their assistance they had been able to accomplish much. During the time he had had charge of the department the company had spent no less than fifteen crores of rupees on it, and eleven thousand men had been regularly in their employment, earning over three and a half lakhs of rupees per month and their carriges had run 130,000,000 train miles. It was satisfactory and gratifying to him to say that he could not have wished to work with a better body of men, and he questioned whether there was a more capable one in the world. (Loud applause.) The men were good and the foremen were better. (Hear hear.) In conclusion he again thanked them for their mark of esteem, and trusted they would have a long and prosperous career. (Applause.)

Mr. Jackson and other gentlemen on the platform were decorated with garlands of flowers, and the ceremony concluded with three hearty cheers for the retiring Superintendent.

Mr. Jackson proceeds home on Friday, going by the mail to Australia, from there to Japan and America, and eventually to England. During the last ten years Mr. Jackson has been Lieut.-Colonel in command of the G. I. P. Volunteers, a fine body of men numbering about one thousand.

Mr. R. Trevithick succeeds Mr. Jackson as the head of the Loco. and Carriage Department.

THE CHARGE OF DEFAMATION.

THE charge of defamation brought by Messrs. Houghton and Barnes, merchants, Fort, Bombay, against Mr. James Murray, Wellington Lines, was heard yesterday before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate. The charge arose out of a civil suit in the Court of Small Causes, in the course of which certain defamatory statements were alleged to have been made by the defendant against complainants. Mr. Smetham, of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, appeared for the complainants, while the defendant was represented by Mr. DeSouza, pleader, High Court.

John Edward Nott Barnes, the first complainant examined, said: I am a merchant and a professor of the banjo. On the 2nd December last I went to lodge with the defendant, Mr. James Murray, with Mr. Houghton in a tent, in Wellington Lines. I agreed to pay him Rs. 60 per mensem for board and lodging. I also paid him the December rent about Jan. 9, viz, Rs. 60. The defendant did not give me a receipt for it. On Jan. 15 I gave him due notice of removal. On that day I tendered him Rs. 28, the amount I owed him for board and lodging for fourteen days. This the defendant refused to accept and claimed Rs. 47-8, for which he made out a detailed bill. He subsequently filed a suit in the Small Cause Courts for Rs. 47-8. I paid Rs. 28 into Court, the amount I previously tendered. The case came on for trial on February 20. The result of that case was that the Judge found that my agreement to occupy was from the 2nd of the month and not the 1st. The defendant's claim of payment from the 1st of the month was therefore not sustained. The Judge also held that the rent for tent or furniture as claimed by the defendant was also not sustainable. The Judge's decision was that Rs. 28 should be paid into Court and no cost. The following day a report appeared in the papers, headed "A Warning to Boarding-house Keepers." (Report put in.)

Mr. Smetham: Is that a substantially true account of that case?—No. It is untrue and quite misleading. All the evidence deposed in my favour is entirely omitted in these accounts and the amount allowed by the Court is wrongly stated.

The Court: What parts in the account do you think are likely to injure you seriously in your business or any other way? (1) That the first defendant (myself) abruptly left the complainant on Jan. 15 last. (2) His Honour passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff directing the defendant to pay him Rs. 47 and costs. (3) The heading a warning to boardinghouse-keepers. This is all I consider to be defamatory. This is an incorrect report of what transpired in Court.

The notice requesting an apology from the defendant for the alleged defamatory allegations was put in, and the defendant's reply denying any such allegations.

Cross-examination reserved.

After evidence had been led as to the manner in which the report appeared in the papers, the case was adjourned.

THE famous publishing house of Cassell and Co. Limited, paid its shareholders a dividend of 10 per cent and a small bonus last yenr. Replying to a shareholder at the General Meeting, the Chairman, Mr. Turner, said it would be indiscreet to state exactly how much paper had been used last year, but inasmuch as Cassell's published the "Popular Educator" and were therefore interested in the dissemination of useful knowledge, he might without any imprudence state that if the sheets of paper as high as the table at

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

THE paper read on Tuesday evening, the 10th inst., by Major-General Sir J. Bevan Edwards, writes the *Broad Arrow*, forms a note in the progressive discussion on Imperial defence. In a sense, it was a vindication and an explanation of the course the gallant officer pursued during his tour of inspection in the Australasian Colonies, and the opinions he then put forward. The Defence Committee at home had expressed considerable disagreement with the course of defensive policy sketched out for Australasia by Sir Bevan Edwards; and it was to show cause why his attitude at the antipodes should not be impugned the gallant general appeared before the Colonial Institute. In a wider sense, the paper was an endeavour to set forth the main principles of Imperial defence, and it must be allowed that it contains much that is of the highest value. Several interesting speeches were made in the course of the discussion, and the general tone showed that within the last few years a distinct advance has been made in apprehension of the problem lying before us under the title of Imperial Defence. This was forcibly shown by Sir Wm. Jervois' objection to the title of the paper, he holding—and we apprehend, rightly—that it was impossible to consider Australasian defence apart from that of the rest of the empire.

Count von Moltke has made an interesting speech in the Reichstag during the debate on the third reading of the Budget Bill. On the item dealing with the Imperial Railway Office, he spoke on the necessity for introducing a uniform standard of time for all German railways. He emphasised the necessity, from a military point of view, for a normal time. The present method of beginning the day at different times in all German localities not on the same meridian was a source of intolerable annoyance to the military authorities. Miscalculations were probable, which might easily hamper, or even altogether prevent, that desired co-operation of all German railways essential to a scheme for the exchange of troops between Northern and Southern Germany in the event of mobilisation. The speaker proposed to take the time of the fifteenth degree east of Greenwich as the normal time of Germany, because it passed through Sweden, Germany, Austria, and Italy, and could thus later on become the basis for a normal time for the whole of Central Europe. He expressed the opinion that, apart from military needs, a normal time would be useful for the purposes of ordinary life.

The exact whereabouts of the house that Jack built is wanted by the *Broad Arrow*. Also, the name and address of "the naval officer, now visiting Montreal," who is responsible for having told a man, who knew another man in Chicago, who was in a position to cable the whole story to another man in London, that Lord Wolseley's business in Canada has reference to the defences of British Columbia, and that it is on the cards that Great Britain and the United States will be at war by the end of the year. Wanted, also, the exact definition of an American yarn, invented expressly for the purpose of gulling the 'cutest but most gullible nation on earth.

An injury has just been done to the Navy, writes a service paper, which we feel sure merely needs publicity to be repaired without delay. In the early part of the last century a gentleman named Travers left a certain sum of money to Christ's Hospital for the education of the sons of naval officers, and from that time to this 50 nominations have been made annually by the Governors of the school to the sons of naval officers who are in poor circumstances. Hundreds of men who have served their country faithfully, but from no fault of their own have failed to rise to the higher and better-paid grades, have thus been able to give their sons a sound education, and launch them on their course with a fair wind. In many cases, if not all, these Bluecoat boys eventually left the school for a sea-life, and did well in it. Now, by a stroke of the pen, the Charity Commissioners have swept the whole thing away, and confiscated the money. This act is certainly not defensible on any conceivable grounds, for Mr. Travers distinctly made provision for a class, which still exists, which is relatively no better paid now than it was then, and which is eager to avail itself of the benefaction. We trust that our contemporaries will say a word on this subject, and the Navy's representatives in Parliament, official or otherwise, will speak out strongly against this cruel and iniquitous appropriation of trust funds.

The English Naval Estimates, and the Memorandum of the First Lord of the Admiralty regarding them, are attracting much attention in French circles, and M. Weyl, in the *Yacht*, has given an appreciative analysis of the proposals, recommending to the French Naval Department the system adopted for making them known. He remarks that, beyond the Channel, they would do well to be inspired by the practical ideas which are current in England, and selects for special commendation the intention of making permanent the Committee of Dockyard Inspectors of Machinery acting in co-operation with the Engineer-in-Chief. "This is in an intelligent measure, and we cannot recommend it too much to the attention of the Minister of Marine. It would be an excellent thing to imitate our neighbours." M. Weyl remarks upon the silence of the First Lord in regard to the heavy guns of the *Sans Pareil*, and differs from him as to the necessity of working guns of more than 10-in. by hydraulic machinery.

A home paper understands that the recent trials of the Zalinski pneumatic torpedo-thrower at Shoeburyness, undertaken by the British ordnance officials for the Victorian Government, have successfully demonstrated the extraordinary accuracy of this description of ordnance. At 4,000 yards range-fire, successive projectiles were thrown into a rectangle only 2½ yards long by 1½ yard wide. Whether the trials were satisfactory in other respects, we have not yet been able to learn: but it is necessary to point out that trials in the United States have already shown that this machine is at present utterly useless for ship purposes, and that its *metier* is practically confined to coast defence in certain clearly defined and every limited circumstances. It is, in fact, as a competitor with the Brennan torpedo that the greatest interest attaches to it.

The Army manœuvres in France this year are to be on an exceptionally large scale. In 1889, and again in 1890, two army corps took part in the operations. Next autumn four corps will be engaged, the country selected for the works being the district lying between Chalons-sur-Marne and Epernay. In all, 32 regiments of infantry, 4 rifle battalions, 4 brigades of cavalry, 72 batteries of artillery, besides 2 independent cavalry divisions and a proportionate force of engineers, &c., will take part in the manœuvres. It is worthy of notice that these corps—the 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th—constitute the force which would have to bear the brunt of a sudden attack from beyond the frontier, and hold the invading Germans in check until reinforcements could be hurried up to the scene of action. The 6th Corps especially is supposed to be ready for war at an hour's notice. It has its head-quarters at Chalons. In the operations two of the corps will manœuvre against the other two, one army being commanded by General De Galiffet, and the other by the Duc d'Auersiadt, while General Saussier will be in supreme command. In the event of war he would be Commander-in-Chief of the French forces.

The military future of the British Empire in India is attracting attention in German military circles. The *Militar Wochenblatt* has been publishing a series of papers, entitled "Russia and British India," from the pen of an anonymous officer who has spent 18 months in India. This writer has studied the leading English authorities on his subject, and appears to be familiar with the geography and with the political and military conditions of Central Asia. He gives an excellent sketch-map of the country with which his studies are concerned, and he sums up the political situation in a sense unfavourable to England. He thinks that the constant advances of Russia and the repeated withdrawals of England from Afghanistan have produced among Asiatics a disposition to trust the future of the aggressive rather than of the defensive Power. As regards the possibility of a conflict, the Russian main advance, he thinks, would be through Herat, where an army of 140,000 men from the Caucasus and from the khanates of Bokhara and Samarkand could be assembled in three months' time. A subsidiary attack would be made across the Hindoo Koosh upon Cabul or Jellalabad. The English can no longer anticipate the Russians at Herat and the question for them is whether to advance to attack the Russians at Herat or to remain on the defensive—the course foreshadowed by the recent fortification of points at or near the frontier. He does not think that the Indian Army could send more than 50,000 men in the direction of Herat to oppose the Russians. The difficulty for the Russian Army would be to supply and feed their force during the 500 miles' march from Herat to Candahar. It would be, in his opinion, a difficult but not an impracticable operation. He regards Herat as the "key" of India. He does not pretend to say that the Power possessing Herat can at any time conquer India—which we have always held to be erroneous—but that the Power that contemplates invading India must first occupy Herat. This accords with the definition of a "key" given by the highest authority upon strategy—Clausewitz.

NOTICES.

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CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 864.

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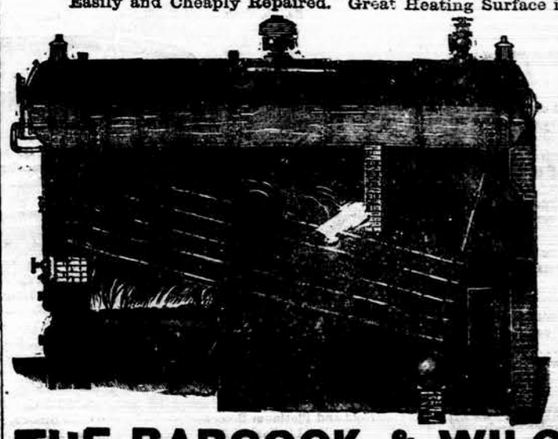

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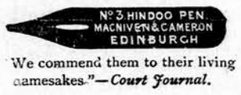

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Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.